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The Bombay Gazette.

No. 50,183—New Series. BOMBAY:—SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 29, 1894.

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DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE.

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	SATURDAY. 2 P.M.
† CLYDE	4136	800	C. F. Preston	29th Sept.
B.I. SUTLEJ	4205	800	W. J. Nantes	6th Oct.
† THAMES	4113	800	W. A. Seaton	13th "
B.I. ORIENTAL	5015	1200	L. Moule	20th "
† CLYDE	4136	800	C. F. Preston	27th "
B.I. CALEDONIA	7680	2750	W. B. Andrews	3rd Nov.
† THAMES	4113	800	W. A. Seaton	10th "
B.I. SHANNON	4189	800	E. Crewe	17th "
† CLYDE	4136	800	C. F. Preston	24th "
B.I. CARTHAGE	5013	1000	M. de Horne	1st Dec.
† THAMES	4113	800	W. A. Seaton	8th "
B.I. GANGES	4206	800	T Creery	15th "
† CLYDE	4136	800	C. F. Preston	22nd "
B.I. ORIENTAL	5015	1200	L. Moule	29th "
† THAMES	4113	800	W. A. Seaton	5th Jan.
B.M. CALEDONIA	7680	2750	W. B. Andrews	12th "
† CLYDE	4136	800	C. F. Preston	19th "
B.I. PENINSULAR	3100	1000	R. F. Briscoe	26th "
† THAMES	4113	800	W. A. Seaton	2nd Feb.
B.I. SHANNON	4189	800	E. Crewe	9th "

The Steamers marked B.I. proceed to Brindisi, Malta, Gibraltar, Plymouth, and London.
† These Vessels proceed to Aden only, and Passengers tranship there to a Steamer for Brindisi and London. No Passengers for Marseilles can proceed by these Steamers.
The Steamer marked B. M. proceeds to Brindisi and Marseilles only; Not taking Passengers for London by Long Sea route.

Single and return Railway Tickets from Brindisi to London by the Mail route can be obtained, and Coupons are issued for places in the Sleeping Cars of the special "P. & O. Express."

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A Steam Barge leaves the Apollo Bunder at Noon on the day of sailing to convey passengers on board, and only Hand Packages will be received. The attention of passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage correctly labelled with Port of destination.

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Steamers leave Bombay on or about the undernoted dates, conveying H. M.'s Mails from Colombo to China. Passengers for Australia tranship at Co'ombo :—

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ROHILLA, 18th October. | SIAM, 15th November.

In addition to the above, CARGO STEAMERS leave for China and Japan at frequent intervals, with liberty to call at any port or ports.
For further particulars apply to
I. M. SHIELDS,
Acting Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 18th Sept., 1894.

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UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH
THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT.

ACCELERATED SERVICE TO BRINDISI AND TRIESTE, VIA ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail on
IMPERATRIX	G. Nicolich	4,194	750	1st Oct.
IMPERATOR	C. Bechtinger	4,119	750	1st Nov.

A Surgeon and Stewardess on board of every Steamer.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE, VENICE Or BRINDISI	Rs. 600	Rs. 325	Rs. 150

Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 3rd, and BRINDISI on the 5th, of each month.

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MARIA VALERIE	G. Costanzo	4,235	350	9th Oct.
VINDOBONA	P. Mersa	4,351	350	9th Nov.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY BY THIS ROUTE.

To TRIESTE Or VENICE	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
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Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail on
POSEIDON	A. Fellner	3,878	650	21st Oct.

Connecting at Colombo with the s.s. POLLUCE to Madras, and Calcutta.
For further Particulars, Freight, Passage, &c., apply to
C. ZANELLA,
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Sassoon House, 60, Church Gate Street, Bombay, Sept. 21st, 1894.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA SOCIETA RIUNITE FLORIO RUBATTINO.

BOMBAY TO NAPLES and GENOA calling at ALEXANDRIA for BRINDISI and VENICE, s.s. R. Rubattino, 17th October, 1894, and s.s. Dco. Balduino, 14th November, 1894.
BOMBAY TO HONGKONG, calling at SINGAPORE, 8th October, 1894.
For particulars regarding Freights, Passage, &c., apply to
C. BARBORO, Agent,
Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, Septr. 17, 1894.

BOMBAY STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, STEAMER TO KARACHI.

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STEAMER TO MORMUGAO AND INTERMEDIATE PORTS.

During the Monsoon Months this Company's new Steamer, MAHANADI, 1,92 tons, 2,100 Horse-power, will leave PRINCE'S DOCK every SATURDAY to Mormugao, and returning will leave Mormugao every TUESDAY, calling each way at Jyghur, Ratnagiri, and Vizadroog.
These Steamers have excellent Cabin and 'Tween Deck Accommodation, are lighted throughout with Electric Light, and fitted with all Modern Appliances.
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Messing supplied Extra as per Scale.
SHEPHEED & Co.

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GRINDLAY & CO., CALCUTTA, BANKERS AND AGENTS.

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S.S. "DUMRA," 1,694 tons, on the 29th Septr., on arrival of In-coming English Mail Steamer.

FOR KURRACHEE *VIA* KATHIAWAR COAST PORTS.

S.S. "KOLA," 1,192 tons, on the 2nd Octr., at 10 a.m., calling (weather permitting) at Verawal, Mangrole, Porebunder, Cutch Mandavie and Kurrachee in the foregoing or any order.

S.S. "PACHUMBA," 867 tons, on the 29th Septr., at 10 a. m.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S.S. "JAVA," 1,477 tons, on the 4th October, at noon, calling at Kurrachee, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Linga, Bushire, Fao, Mahomerah, and Busreh, in the foregoing or any order.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S.S. "NUDDEA," 2,964 tons, on the 4th October, calling at such Ports as may be arranged. Particulars can be ascertained on application to the Undersigned.

FOR ADEN AND ZANZIBAR.

S.S. "PURULIA," 1,554 tons, on the 25th October, calling at Aden, Mombasa, and Zanzibar, in the foregoing or any order.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 28th September, 1894. Agents.

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BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL.

Vessel.	Captain.	Tons.	To Sail
CITY OF DUBLIN	Greenhorn	3267	10th October.

THIS STEAMER is lighted throughout with the Electric Light, has all the latest improvements, and carries a Surgeon and Stewardess. Two Berth Cabins on Deck, Amidships.
Punkahs and every Comfort for First-Class Passengers. Apply to
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Agents.
Bombay, 26th Sept., 1894.

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MUSSOORIE, N.-W. P.,
(MANAGER :—W. W. JOHNSTONE)
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VEGETABLE
AND
FLOWER SEEDS

from their New Stocks. We hold, by far, the Largest Stock of RELIABLE Seeds in India, and before indenting elsewhere, would ask intending Purchasers to compare our Prices with those of other Firms. Notwithstanding the enormous Fall in Exchange and the recently imposed 5 per cent. Import Duty, we have made NO ADVANCE on the Prices in our

1893—94 CATALOGUE

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TRY :—Mussoorie Prize Cauliflower, Re. 1-4 packet.
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To be thoroughly successful with your Garden, you should Sow our Seeds, and *read*

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PULVERMACHER'S WORLD-FAMED GALVANIC BELTS, for the cure of NERVOUS COMPLAINTS, have received Testimonials from THREE PHYSICIANS TO HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN and the leading Physicians of Nine London Hospitals, including Forty Members of the Royal College of Physicians of London.
The distressing symptoms of NERVOUS EXHAUSTION, loss of MUSCULAR POWER, RHEUMATISM, SCIATICA, PARALYSIS, EPILEPSY, &c., are speedily removed by means of **Pulvermacher's World-famed Galvanic Belts**, which convey the electric current direct to the affected parts, gradually stimulating and strengthening all the nerves and muscles, and speedily arresting all symptoms of premature waste and decay.
Dr. C. HANDFIELD JONES, F.R.C.P., F.R.S., Physician to St. Mary's Hospital, says: "I am satisfied that Mr. PULVERMACHER is an honest and earnest labourer in the field of science, and I think he deserves to meet with every encouragement from the profession and scientific men."
Sir CHARLES LOCOCK, Bart., M.D., Physician to Her Majesty, says: "PULVERMACHER'S BELTS are very effective in Neuralgia and Rheumatic Affections, and I have prescribed them largely in my practice for other similar maladies, paralysis, &c."
For Full Price List and Particulars, see new Pamphlet, "GALVANISM: NATURE'S CHIEF RESTORER OF IMPAIRED VITAL ENERGY." Post free from
PULVERMACHER'S GALVANIC ESTABLISHMENT,
194, REGENT STREET, LONDON, W.
ESTABLISHED OVER FORTY YEARS.

CLEARANCE SALE OF 500 PERFECT WRIST WATCHES.
Usual Price Rs. 20. Sale Price Rs. 16.
NICKEL SILVER CRYSTAL FACE KEYLESS WATCHES, UP-TO-DATE.
PERFECT & ACCURATE TIME-KEEPERS.

WE offer these fine watches at this low figure for the purpose of introducing them to Public Notice. We have advertised them as a cheaper quality of the MILITARY MODEL UNPARALLELED WRIST WATCHES that are now considered by Civil and Military Officers the PERFECTION OF WRIST WATCHES.
With a view of proving the excellent qualities of these very fine and useful Time-keepers and creating for them a demand, we offer the large number of 500 at a
CLEARANCE PRICE OF Rs. 16 EACH
For one month from this date, the 19th day of September, 1894.
MARCKS & CO., LD.,
CHRONOMETER, WATCH & CLOCK MANUFACTURERS,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

LONDON & LANCASHIRE LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.
[ESTABLISHED 1862.]
Assurances on every sound and approved Plan effected on most Favourable Terms.

PROGRESS OF THE COMPANY
DURING 10 YEARS ENDING DECEMBER 31, 1893.

Year.	New Assurances.	Net Premium Income.	Invested Funds.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1883	87,18,240	16,45,648	53,22,048
1893	1,12,88,095	31,43,000	1,57,11,360

It will thus be seen that in Ten Years the Net Premium Income has nearly doubled, whilst the Funds show an Increase in a still larger proportion, which remarkable expansion affords convincing testimony of Good Management and Successful Working, and promises splendid results in the future.

CHIEF AGENTS :—W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., BOMBAY.

THE NORWICH UNION FIRE INSURANCE SOCIETY,
(ESTABLISHED 1797).
THE PHŒNIX FIRE OFFICE OF LONDON,
(ESTABLISHED 1782).
THE LANCASHIRE INSURANCE CO.
(ESTABLISHED 1850).
THE STRAITS INSURANCE CO., SINGAPORE (MARINE).
As Agents of the above First-class Offices, we are prepared to accept LIFE, FIRE and MARINE RISKS.
Terms on Application to W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., BOMBAY.

[ESTABLISHED IN ALEXANDRIA, EGYPT, 1852.]
C. N. TOCOS & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF HIGH-CLASS
EGYPTIAN CIGARETTES.
PURVEYORS TO
H. R. H. THE KHEDIVE,
H. R. H. THE PRINCE OF NAPLES,
AND, BY SPECIAL CHARTER,
SOLE PURVEYORS TO THE ITALIAN REGIE.

IN consequence of the increase of our Export Trade with the further East, and in order to release our Customers of the troubles and expenses in getting their supplies from Egypt, we have decided to OPEN an AGENCY in INDIA and appoint
MR. D. MACROPOLO,
of BOMBAY and CALCUTTA, Sole Agent
For the SALE of our famous CIGARETTES. In placing before our numerous friends the Specialities of our Cigarettes, we would call their attention to the fact, that they are prepared from the finest Turkish Tobacco, specially to keep in hot climates, under the direct supervision of an Expert of 30 YEARS' experience of the Indian climate, while their qualities and delicate flavours are too well-known and appreciated to need special remark.
In thanking our Constituents and the Public in general for their generous and candid support, we beg to request that in future they should address their kind orders direct to Mr. D. MACROPOLO, Bombay or Calcutta.
C. N. TOCOS & CO.

ILLUSTRATED PRICE LIST ON APPLICATION TO
D. MACROPOLO,
BOMBAY AND CALCUTTA.

BADHAM, PILE & Co.'s "APOLLO" SHIRT.

	Per ½ Doz. Rs. a.
LONGCLOTH LINEN FRONTS and CUFFS	24 0
LONGCLOTH FINE FRONTS and CUFFS	27 0
EXTRA FINE for DRESS.	30 0
FRENCH CAMBRIC, NEWEST PATTERNS	27 0
OXFORD and "HOPSACK" MATTE	30 0
TROPICAL FLANNEL .....from	33 0
WHITE and COLORED GAUZE FLANNEL	45 0
ALL WOOL TENNIS FLANNE...	5 0

CASH OR V. P. P.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TIVOLI THEATRE.

(FOR A SHORT SEASON ONLY.)

LYONS OPERATIC BURLESQUE COMPANY

(Direct from AUSTRALIA)

WILL MAKE THEIR FIRST APPEARANCE ON SATURDAY, 6TH OCTOBER.

For Further Particulars *see* future Advertisements.

Box Plan now open at SOUNDY & Co., Fort.

BOMBAY PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY.

A CONCERT

Will be given by the above Society,

ON MONDAY, 8TH OCTOBER, AT THE

TOWN HALL,

At 9-15 P.M.

SOLI, CHORUS and ORCHESTRA

about Ninety Performers.

By Kind Permission of Lieut-Colonel SEPPINGS and the Officers of the K. O. Y. Li. Infantry, several Members of the Band of that Regiment will assist in the Orchestra.

The full Programme in Detail will be published later on, but the Three following Short Choral Works will be performed :—

Cantata.....Feast of Adonis.....Jensen.
For Soli and Chorus,
Soloists :—Miss N. TUDBALL, Mrs. MACBETH, and Mrs. OLIVER.

Sacred Cantata.....Song of Miriam.....Schubert.
For Soprano Solo of Chorus,
"Miriam".....Miss N. TUDBALL.

Chorus.....Hallelujah from the Mount of Olives.....Beethoven.

The following will Play in the Orchestra :—

Mr. Wilson, Sergt. Quant, Corpl. Powell, Corpl. Boe } K.O.Y.Li. Herr Schmuck, Sarg.-Lt.-Col. Barker, Mr. Vernon, Bayley — Herr Stella, Mr. In zoll, Mr Mull — Mrs. Collie, Miss Pedraza, Miss Kirkham

Messrs Fox, Choake, Monoghan, Dungworth, MacDonald, Mathews, Goodfellow, Brockley, and McIntier, of the KOYLI Band.

Hony Conductor : Mr. R. B. Nixon
Hony Pianiste : Miss Flower
Hony Secretary : Lieut-Colonel Martin.

Plan of Seats at Messrs. SOUNDY & Co.
Reserved Seats...Rs. 3. Admittance...Rs. 2.

CONSIGNEES of Cargo per S. S. "CLIO," arrived from HULL and MIDDLESBRO, are hereby requested to present their Bills of Lading for our Countersignature and to take Delivery of their respective Goods from the PRINCE'S DOCK.

The Steamer's Surveyor, Captain MACAULAY, will attend every Morning to survey Damages, &c., and all Claims in this respect must be adjusted before the Goods are removed from the Landing Sheds.

After removal from the Landing Sheds, the Steamer will not be responsible for any Damage whatever.

All Claims must be presented for Settlement within a Fortnight of the Steamer's arrival, otherwise they will not be ENTERTAINED.

FINLAY, MUIR & Co.,
Agents.

Bombay, 28th September, 1894.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Partnership hitherto existing between M. C. MEHTA and C. R. SHROFF, Trading as General Merchants in New South Wales, Germany and Bombay, under the Name and Style of M. C. MEHTA and Co., has been DISSOLVED by Mutual Consent, and the Assets and Liabilities of the Firm are TAKEN OVER by the said C. R. SHROFF.—Dated this Twenty-sixth Day of September, One Thousand Eight Hundred and Ninety-four.

MERWANJEE CURSETJEE MEHTA.
CAWASJEE RUTTONJEE SHROFF.

NOW READY.

"BOMAY GAZETTE" OVERLAND SUMMARY.

The *BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY*, prepared for despatch by each Overland Mail for Europe, contains, in addition to all the news of the week, a specially-written Market and Freight Report, and a well-digested Summary of Events.

Annual Subscription (in advance) .....Rs. 12
Single Copy .....As. 4
"Bombay Gazette" Office, Esplanade Road, Fort.

THE NEW LANOWLI HOTEL,

THIS First-class HOTEL is Charmingly and Centrally situated on the Grounds of the Extensive Parsi Mansion Dwelling. A few minutes walk from the Railway Station on the Sakar Line. TABLE [illegible] and Supper. Every Comfort and Convenience. Terms Moderate. Electric Light throughout. Apply to

E. REES,
Proprietor.

CALL THOSE IN SEARCH OF A PLEASANT AND WHOLESOME

BEVERAGE

Should Drink PHILLIPS & Co.'s

"CRISP"

BELFAST GINGER ALE.

When pain and anguish cloud the brow
And mental forces fail,
There's nothing sets one up in life
Like Belfast Ginger Ale.

Re. 1-8 per Dozen.

PHILLIPS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

THE NEW PACHORA MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that the NINTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the New Pachora Manufacturing Company, Limited, will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 1, Bruce Lane, within the Fort of Bombay, on SATURDAY, the 6th Day of October, 1894, at 4 o'clock in the Afternoon, for the purposes following, namely :—

1. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and the Audited Balance-Sheet for the year ending 31st July, 1894.
2. To sanction the declaration of a Dividend.
3. To elect a Director in the Room of the Director who retires by rotation but is eligible for re-election.
4. To confirm the appointment made by the Board of Mr. Mathuradass Gooculdas as a Director of the Company in place of Mr. Byramjee Darabshaw Nariman, resigned.
5. To appoint an Auditor or Auditors for the current year and to fix his or their remuneration.
6. To Transact any other business that may be brought before the Meeting by the Chairman.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 1st day of October, 1894, to the 6th day of October, 1894, both Days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,

MATHURADASS GOCULDASS & Co.,
Secretaries, Treasurers and Agents.

No. 1, Bruce Lane, Fort, Bombay, 20th September, 1894.

THE JALGAUM MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that the THIRD ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Jalgaum Manufacturing Company, Limited, will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 1, Bruce Lane, within the Fort of Bombay, on SATURDAY, the 6th day of October, 1894, at 4-30 o'clock in the Afternoon, for the purposes following, namely :—

1. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and the Audited Balance-Sheet made up to 31st July, 1894.
2. To sanction the declaration of a Dividend.
3. To elect a Director in the Room of the Director who retires by rotation, but is eligible for re-election.
4. To appoint an Auditor or Auditors for the current year, and to fix his or their remuneration.
5. To transact any other business that may be brought before the Meeting by the Chairman.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 1st day of October, 1894, to the 6th day of October, 1894, both Days inclusive.

By Order of the Board.

JAMNADASS GOCULDASS & Co.,
Secretaries, Treasurers and Agents.

20th September, 1894, No. 1, Bruce Lane.

NOW READY.

THE BOMBAY PRICE CURRENT AND SUMMARY OF TRADE.

Published once a week at the *Bombay Gazette* Office on the departure of the Overland Mail for Europe.

The Bombay Price Current contains—
A Specially-Written Market Report.
Freight Report, &c.
Summary of Cotton Exports during the Week.
Imports and Exports of Bullion.
Comparative Summaries of Exports from Bombay up to date as per Ships' Manifests, with the total Exports for the month, and for the same period, as far back as 1870 and 1878, respectively.
Comparative Summaries of Imports, of Piece-Goods, and of Yarn into Bombay from Great Britain up to date, with the total for the month, and the same period, as far back as 1870 and 1878, respectively.
Share Lists and Rates of Exchange.
List of Vessels in Bombay Harbour on the date of publication, and Arrivals and Departures of Vessels during the Week.
Charters and Engagements.

Annual Subscription in advance....Rs 10.
Single Copy.....Annas 4.
"Bombay Gazette" Office, Esplanade Road, Fort.

THREE IMPORTANT FACTS ABOUT THE STANDARD LIFE OFFICE,

1.—OVER HALF A MILLION STERLING per annum is being paid in Death Claims year by year.

2.—THE FUNDS IN HAND amount to nearly Seven and three-quarter Million Sterling, and have increased 50 per cent. in the last 15 years.

3.—THE LIVES who die are annually replaced by more than double the number of new carefully selected lives.

F. A. PREVOST,
Secretary.

N.B.—THE COMPANY'S INDIAN RATES HAVE BEEN RECENTLY REDUCED.

NOTICES.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

WROUGHT IRON TURN TABLES FOR SALE.

THE Acting Agent is prepared to receive at his Office, Victoria Terminus, upto 2 o'clock P.M. (Gun-fire) on WEDNESDAY, the 10th October, Offers for the Purchase of 10 Wrought Iron 15 feet Railway Turn Tables, Unused, weighing about 5½ tons each, now lying in the Stores Yard, Parel, where the same can be seen on application.

Offers, accompanied separately by a Deposit of Rs. 100 as Security, to be made on the Company's Form, to be obtained from the Undersigned.

The Acting Agent does not bind himself to accept the highest or any Tender.

ALFRED KING,
General Storekeeper.

General Storekeeper's Office, Parel, 22nd September, 1894.

NOTICE is hereby given that it has come to the knowledge of the Undersigned that his Son, HAJEE ESSACK HAJI MOHOMED, has been trying to Contract Debts from various persons by making Misrepresentations. This is to WARN all persons dealing with him that neither I nor my Firm of HAJEE JAN MOHOMED HAJEE MOHOMED and Co., of which Firm the Undersigned is the Sole Owner, shall be responsible for such dealings, and that the said HAJI ESSACK HAJI MOHOMED has no concern whatever with my said Firm.

હાજી મહમદ જેકરીયા,
i. e, HAJEE MOHOMED JACKERIA.

Bombay, 15th September, 1894.

REDUCED PRICES.

MESSRS. CUTLER, PALMER & Co. have resolved to abandon to a great extent the Increased Prices that have been added to their quotations during the previous twelve months in consequence of the loss that Exchange has caused them, and in hope of doubling their business by surrendering prices, they now claim the support of the Indian Public to secure that end.

They are preparing their new Schedule of Rates, which will be forwarded on application to any intending purchaser.

Bombay, September 11, 1894.

THE BOMBAY MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY (Limited).

[ESTABLISHED IN 1871.]

Registered on the 21st March, 1871, under Act X. of 1866.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS
(who must also be Policy-Holders) :—

D. GOSTLING, Esq., Architect, Chairman.
Dr. ATMARAM PANDURANG, G.G.M.C., Medical Practitioner.
FRAMROZ RUSTOMJI JOSHI, Esq., Superintendent, Government Central Press.
ALLAN F. TURNER, Esq., Solicitor, High Court, and Coroner of Bombay.
FRANK A. SPENCER, Esq., Assistant Secretary to Government, Political Department.
J. F. VAZ, Esq., late Superintendent, Military Department, Secretariat.
MEDICAL REFEREE :—Surg-Major ANDERSON, The Parsonage, Byculla.

BANKERS : THE BANK OF BOMBAY.
OFFICE :—2, CHURCH GATE STREET.

FUNDS Invested solely in Government of India Securities, Bombay Port Trust, and Municipal Bonds.

The Society was started in the year 1871 by seven subscribers, who paid One Rupee each, &c., a Capital of Seven Rupees. By careful and economical management the CAPITAL, accumulated from Premia, now amounts to .....Rs. 3,28,500
CLAIMS PAID 1,41,520
ANNUAL PREMIUM INCOME 26,855
NUMBER OF POLICIES ISSUED 415
NUMBER OF POLICIES IN FORCE 244
ASSURING 6,32,500

Although the number of members is small, the Accumulated Funds as compared with the Liabilities are unusually large, being larger in this respect than those of any other Indian Office. These Funds in which new members share in proportion to their payments belong entirely to the Policy-holders.

RATES as Low as those of any other company.

MANAGEMENT entirely controled by Policy-holders, in whom it is vested by the Articles of Association.

PROFITS not diverted to Shareholders, but retained for the benefit of the Policy-holders.

POLICIES taken out for the Whole Term of Life, but payments of Premia limited to EXPECTATION OF LIFE.

SHORT TERM POLICIES issued on the most Advantageous Terms.

LIBERAL SURREN DER VALUE given.

Full Particulars and Forms for taking out Policies may be obtained from

F. L. McAFEE, B.A.,
Secretary.

9, Church Gate Street, 1st September, 1894.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

ALTERATIONS OF TRAINS,

ON and after MONDAY, the First of October next, until further notice, the following Alterations of, and Additions to, the Passenger Train Service, over this Railway will take effect, namely :—

First.—The Down Passenger Train which now leaves Bombay for Nagpur at 7-30 will leave at 8-30, arrive at Bhusawal at 18-5, leave at 21-35 and arrive at Nagpur at 8 o'clock the next morning instead of at 7-0 as at present.

Second.—The Down Passenger Train from Bombay at 17-0 o'clock for Jubulpore, will leave at the same time and arrive at Bhusawal at 8-20 the next morning, leave at 10-15 and arrive at Jubulpore at 8-30, instead of at 6-40, on the third day.

Third.—The Down Jubulpore Mail Train will leave Bombay at 22-30, as at present, but will arrive at Itarsi on the following day at 16-37 instead of at 17-10, leave at 17-5 and arrive at Jubulpore at 0-5 instead of at 23-35 the same night.

Fourth.—The Midnight Down Mixed Train from Bombay to Jubulpore will arrive at Bhusawal at 15-50 instead of at 19-30 the next evening, leave at 21-45 as a Passenger Train and arrive at Jubulpore at 17-15 instead of at 18-30 on the third day.

Fifth.—The present 6-15 o'clock Down Mixed Train from Bhusawal to Nagpur will start at 6-0, arrive at Badnera at 15-15, leave at 7-0 the next morning, and arrive at Nagpur at 14-15 the same day as at present.

Sixth.—The Down Passenger Train now leaving Bhusawal at 10-30 will leave at 10-0 and arrive at Nagpur at 22-0 o'clock instead of at 22-20 the same night.

Seventh.—The Up Mail Train from Jubulpore will leave at 3-10 instead of at 2-40, arrive at Itarsi at 9-5, leave at 9-40 instead of at 8-45 and arrive in Bombay at 6-30 the following morning as at present.

Eighth.—The Up Mixed Train from Jubbulpore at 7-45 will start at 7-15 instead, arrive at Bhusawal at 5-20 instead of at 5-35, leave at 8-30 and arrive at Bhusawal at 5-30 as at present on the third day.

Ninth.—The present 4-15 o'clock Up Passenger Train from Nagpur will leave at 4-30 and arrive at Bhusawal at 16-45 instead of at 15-50, the same afternoon.

Tenth.—The Up Mixed Train from Nagpur will leave at 10-30 instead of at 9-45, arrive at Badnera at 17-46 instead of at 16-45, leave at 6-15 the next morning instead of at 11 o'clock, and arrive at Bhusawal at 15-25 the same day instead of at 14-30 o'clock as at present.

Eleventh.—The Up Passenger Train now leaving Nagpur for Bombay at 20-20 will start at 19-20 and arrive in Bombay at 19-30 instead of at 20-30, on the following evening.

Twelfth.—The Passenger Trains between Bombay and Poona will run as under, namely :—The Down Trains will leave Bombay at 7-0, 12-45 and 22-30, and will arrive at Poona at 14-30, 16-45, 19-45, 6-20 and 7-0, respectively.

The Up Trains will leave Poona at 6-0, 11-0, 13-30, 22-30, and 23-45, and arrive in Bombay at 11-15, 17-15, 19-0, 6-2 and 7-30, respectively.

Thirteenth.—The Up South East Passenger Train will leave Raichur at 19-0 as at present, but will arrive at Poona at 23-25 instead of at 23-45.

Fourteenth.—The Mixed Trains between Poona and Sholapur, will be extended to Raichur, and will run as under, namely :—

The Down Train will leave Poona at 18-30, arrive at Sholapur at 3-45 and arrive at Raichur at 15-0 the following afternoon.

The Up Train will leave Raichur at 13-15, arrive at Sholapur at 23-55, leave at 0-40 and arrive at Poona at 10-30 the following morning.

Fifteenth.—The Down Passenger Train leaving Bombay, for Karjat at 15-30 and the Up Train leaving Karjat for Bombay at 6-30 will be discontinued.

Sixteenth.—Some of the Local Trains between Bombay and Coorla, and Thana and Kalyan will be revised.

Seventeenth.—The Trains over the Dhond and Manmar Railway will leave Dhond at 6-0, 10-35 and 22-40 and arrive at Manmar at 15-15, 18-40 and 5-10 ; leave Manmar at 7-0, 12-45 and 22-5 and arrive at Dhond at 16-40, 20-40 and 4-28, respectively.

Eighteenth.—The Mixed Trains over the Khamgaon, and the Amraoti, and the Wardha Lines will be slightly altered so as to fit in with the running of the Main Line Trains.

2. First, Second, and Third Class ordinary and season tickets will not be available in some of the Through Passenger Trains between Bombay and Thana, and Season Tickets will not be available in the Mail Trains between Bombay and Kalyan.

3. For Information as to the Trains by which Horses and Carriages will be conveyed, and for further Particulars, see the published Time Table, dated the First of October, 1894, exhibited at Stations.

E. W. KEILY,
Acting General Traffic Manager.

Bombay, the Twenty-second of September, 1894.

MADRAS RAILWAY COMPANY.

SURPLUS STORES AND PLANT FOR DISPOSAL.

THE Undersigned is prepared to receive Offers for the purchase of the following Machinery and Plant *amongst others* which are available for Sale to the public at about Half their original value :—

Portable Steam Cranes to lift 3 tons and 5 tons.
Steam Hoist No. 13 to lift 35 cwt.
Steam Hoists to lift 2 tons.
Pulsometers, Nos. 6, 7 & 8.
Ship's Steam Winch, Bull's, Bell's and Wild's Dredgers.
Crab Winches, double, to lift 3, 5, 6 and 12 tons.
Air Locks fitted with Caps 9" diameter, &c., &c.
Hydraulic Jacks to lift 60 tons.
Improved patent double action Air Pumps with Helmets and Breast Plates, Diving Dresses and Under-Clothing, &c., for Divers, and various other Machinery.

General Stores and Tools of Varied description are also available at very Low prices. Complete List of the articles with prices, and other particulars may be obtained on application to THE GENERAL STOREKEEPER, Rayapuram.

LOUIS S. MOSS,
Agent and Manager.

Madras, 10th July, 1894.

A BOON TO MEN

Who suffer from NERVOUS DEBILITY Loss of VIGOUR, EXHAUSTED VITALITY KIDNEY DISEASES, &c. A Treatise explaining the renowned MARSTON treatment by local absorption, the only positive cure without Stomach Medicines, will be sent in plain wrapper, post free, upon application. The MARSTON REMEDY Co., 49A, High Holborn, LONDON.

HAND-BOOK OF GIRAS AND GUARANTEE,

BEING a Compilation of Decisions, &c., on Questions regarding Giras, Wanta and other Guaranteed Rights with an Introductory Accounnt of the Settlements in Kathiawar, Mahikantha and Rewakantha, together with Appendices and a Copious Index.

To be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Press, Bombay, The Gujerat Vernacular Society, Ahmedabad.

PRICE..... Rs. 6.
Packing and Postage extra.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEERS, &c.

CLUB WINES.

PHIPSON AND Co., Bombay, are now supplying 207 Military Messes and 61 Clubs with the finest VINTAGE WINES from the following well-known Houses :—

CHRISTOPHER AND Co.	London.
GEORGE TANQUERAY & Co.	London.
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JUSTERINI AND BROOKS.	London.
JOHN HARVEY AND SONS.	Bristol.
CARSTAIRS & ROBERTSON.	Leith.
POMMERY AND GRENO.	Rheims.
POL ROGER AND Co.	Rheims.
LANSON PERE ET FILS.	Rheims.
PERRIER JOUET AND Co.	Epernay.
HEIDSIECK AND Co.	Rheims.
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AYALA AND Co.	Chateau d'Ay.
ERNEST IRROY AND Co.	Rheims.
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DAUMAL ET FILS.	Rheims.
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KIDD AND SHADBOLT.	London.
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COCKBURN SMITHES & Co.	Oporto.
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P. J. VALCKENBERG.	Worms.
NATH. JOHNSTON & SONS.	Bordeaux.
A. DE LUZE ET FILS.	Bordeaux.
WOODHOUSE AND Co.	Marsala.
JAMES CATHCART AND Co.	Leith, N. B.
CHAS. MACKINLAY AND Co.	Leith, N. B.
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C. MAREY & LIGER-BELAIR.	Côtes d'Or.
ACKERMANN-LAURANCE	Saumur.
C. A. LINDGREN & Co.	Stockholm.
ANDREW ROWAN.	Melbourne.
T. P. GRIFFIN & Co.	London.
FRANK BAILEY & Co.	London.

Secretaries and Presidents of Clubs and Military Messes can now obtain Wines from the above well-known Firms, without the inconvenience and expense of importing direct.

Price List on Application to

PHIPSON & CO.,
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BENGAL CLUB.

WANTED,

A THOROUGHLY qualified EUROPEAN STEWARD, to take charge of the Coffee Room and Service. To a Man possessing Previous Experience and necessary Qualifications, a Liberal Salary and Free Quarters will be given.

Applications, stating present and past employment, with Copies of Testimonials, to reach the SECRETARY, Bengal Club, by the 30th instant.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.

THREE Steel Lancashire BOILERS, by Messrs. Hick Hargreaves and Co., 28' by 7', double flues 2' 9", each carrying 100 lbs. pressure.

One Compound Condensing Wheel Gear Steam Engine, H. P. Cylinder 32½" and L. P. 50" Dia., Stroke 5 feet, working at 700 I. H. P.

Can be seen at the COLABA LAND and MILL COMPANY'S MILLS, at Colaba, in full working order.

Appointed by Government.

W. C. SMITH,

M. I. Painters London and S. Australia.

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PAINTER and HOUSE DECORATOR.

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READY MIXED PAINTS made to any shade.

BLUNDELL'S PETRIFYING LIQUIDS for Damp Walls and other Special Purposes

RED, WHITE and TRANSPARENT.

Imported Direct to

W. C. SMITH,

47, MEDOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

"KEATING'S LOZENGES."
"KEATING'S LOZENGES."

"A SIMPLE FACT ABOUT" KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES. Ask throughout the world, in any country that can be named, you will find them largely in vogue. There is absolutely no remedy that is so speedy in giving relief, so certain to cure, and yet the most delightful to take them.

"A TERRIBLE COUGH."
"A TERRIBLE COUGH."

"91, Commercial Road, Peckham, July 12.

"Dear Sir,—I am a poor hand at expressing my feelings, but I should like to thank you. Your Lozenges have done wonders in relieving my terrible Cough. Since I had the operation of "Tracheotomy," these as the late Emperor of Germany, and unlike him, thank God, I am still alive] performed at St. Bartholomew's Hospital, no one could possibly have had a worse time than I have done, as at times that it quite exhausted me. The mucus, which was very copious and hard, has been softened, and I have been able to get rid of it without difficulty.—I am, Sir, yours truly, J. HILL."

"UTTERLY UNRIVALLED.
UTTERLY UNRIVALLED.

The above speaks for itself. From strict inquiry it appears that the benefit from using Keating's Cough Lozenges is understated. The relief obtained is specially severe one, and was performed by the Specialist, Dr. H. T. Butlin, of St. Bartholomew's Hospital. Since the operation it has been a matter of relief is the use of these Lozenges. The successful are they that one affords immediate benefit, although from the nature of the case the throat irritation is intense.

"WEIGHT IN GOLD.
WEIGHT IN GOLD.

Under date Sept. 8th, 1891, Mr. Hill again writes : "I should long since have been dead, but for your Lozenges—THEY ARE WORTH THEIR WEIGHT IN GOLD. I will gladly see and tell anyone what a splendid Cough remedy they are.

Keating's Cough Lozenges, the Unrivalled Remedy for COUGH, HOARSENESS and THROAT TROUBLES, are sold in Bottles by All Chemists.

"FOR THE BLOOD IS THE LIFE."

CLARKE'S WORLD-FAMED BLOOD MIXTURE

THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER & RESTORER

FOR CLEANSING and CLEARING the BLOOD from ALL IMPURITIES it cannot be too highly recommended.

For Scrofula, Scurvy, Eczema, Skin and Blood Diseases, and Sores of all kinds, it is a never-failing and permanent Cure. It
Cures Old Sores.
Cures Sores on the Neck.
Cures Sore Legs.
Cures Blackhead or Pimples on Face.
Cures Scurvy.
Cures Ulcers.
Cures Blood and Skin Diseases.
Cures Glandular Swellings.
Clears the Blood from all impure Matter, from whatever cause arising.
It is a real specific for Gout and Rheumatic pains. It removes the cause from the Blood and Bones.

As this Mixture is pleasant to the taste and warranted free from any thing injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, the Proprietors solicit sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.

Translation of letter from Fiji.

The Letter of Jonathan to Mr. Dunsford.

"My Friend.—I write to you to-day to tell you about my illness. I love you very much to-day because of the medicine you gave to me. Three months I was very ill, truly, because of my leg I could not plant yams. I could not go fishing. I could not eat or sleep ; but now I am quite well again. It is truly a wonderful medicine. I beg you, Mr. Dunsford, give me one more bottle, as the month of boils is near.

"Preparation Day (Saturday), Bua, Vanual Levu.

Explanation of above Letter.

"In Fiji, at certain times of the year, both the European residents and the natives themselves break out in boils, which, if not immediately seen to, not infrequently develop into terrible running sores. At these times I can conscientiously assert that I know of no better medicine than "Clarke's Blood Mixture," which I have used with unfailing success both among my white and black neighbours. The enclosed letter from "Jonathan," a Christianised Fijian, speaks for itself. For three months he had bear almost a cripple, and yet one of your large bottles completely set him up. In ordinary cases even a less quananity will effect a cure.—I am, dear Sir, yours faithfully,

"T. EDGCUMBE DUNSFORD.

45, Leicester-square, London, W.C.,
"21 June, 1892."

THOUSANDS OF TESTIMONIALS.

[Clarke's Blood Mixture is sold in Bottles 2s. 9d. each, and in cases containing six times the quantity, 11s.—sufficient to effect a permanent cure in the great majority of long standing cases, BY ALL CHEMISTS and PATENT MEDICINE VENDORS throughout the world. Proprietors, THE LINCOLN AND MIDLAND COUNTIES DRUG COMPANY, Lincoln, England. Trade Mark—"BLOOD MIXTURE."

CLARKE'S BLOOD MIXTURE.

CAUTION.—Purchasers of Clarke's Blood Mixture should see that they get the genuine article. Worthless imitations and substitutes are sometimes palmed off by unprincipled vendors. The words "Lincoln and Midland Counties Drug Company, Lincoln, England," are engraved on the Government stamp, and "Clarke's World-famed Blood Mixture," blown in the bottle WITHOUT WHICH NONE ARE GENUINE.

GOLD PRIZE-MEDAL, NATIONAL ACADEMY

DR. DE ROOS'

WORLD-FAMED

GUTTÆ VITÆ,

OR LIFE DROPS.

The Great European Remedy for Nervous and Functional Debility, Spermatorrhœa, &c.

This remarkable rejuvenating essence strengthens the vitality of the whole system, gives energy to the muscles, and speedily restores the impaired powers of life, imparting strength and mainly vigour to the most debilitated and worn-out constitution. Those who suffer from Premature Decay, or deficiency of the Vital Forces owing to long residence in India, or any other cause, will find this medicine just what they require. Equally adapted for the studious and sedentary ; the aged and infirm ; the nervous and debilitated ; as also for delicate females and weakly children. All sufferers from loss of appetite, nervous headache, lassitude, and despondency —too often accompanied with suicidal thoughts—should make immediate and fair unprejudiced trial of this wonderful medicine, which is daily effecting the most remarkable cures in patients who had been given up by the Faculty. In all cases of nervous and functional debility (arising from whatever cause), it is truly unrivalled. To married persons especially, this preparation will prove invaluable, giving strength and vigour in place of lassitude and incapacity.—Price 11s., or four times that quantity, 33s. per bottle.

Dr. De Roos' Medicines are sold by all the Principal Chemists and Merchants in India. Purchasers are particularly requested to see that every package bears the British Government Stamp, with the words "WALTER DE ROOS, LONDON," impressed thereon in white letters on a red ground, and refuse worthless, imitations frequently put forward by unscrupulous vendors for the sale of extra profit.

PAINS IN THE BACK, GRAVEL, LUMBAGO, GOUT, RHEUMATISM, DISEASES OF THE KIDNEYS, AND BLADDER, STRICTURE, &c.

DR. DE ROOS'

COMPOUND RENAL PILLS

Are a safe and speedy Remedy for the above dangerous complaints, Discharges and Diseases of the Urinary Organs, generally, which too frequently harass the sufferer over the best years of life, and end only in an agonising death. For weakness across the loins, sandy or other deposit in the water, and in all cases of renal or urinary disturbance, they are, indeed, unrivalled. They correct acidity of the stomach, and promote the functions of the kidneys, thereby preventing stone in the bladder, &c. Many complaints, long supposed to be nervous, often arise solely from contamination of the blood with certain impurities which should have been carried off by the kidneys. Thousands of testimonials from grateful Patients attest their marvellous efficacy. In packages. 2s. 9d., and 4s. 6d.

DR. DE ROOS'

PILULÆ VITÆ, OR

VEGETABLE LIFE PILLS.

The most wonderful Pills in the world for Indigestion, Billiousness, and all Disorders of the Liver, Stomach and Bowels. Their action is mild yet effectual ; they do not gripe or purge, and for habitual costiveness, loss of appetite, disturbed sleep, harassing dreams, wind, indigestion, sick headache, furred tongue, unpleasant taste in the mouth on rising in the morning, sallowness, scurvy, pimples, blotches, boils, &c., they are of unexampled efficacy ; and being prepared solely from the vegetable kingdom, may be taken by the most delicate of *either sex*, equally with the robust, merely regulating the dose according to the printed directions accompanying each box.

Those who are subject to occasional attacks of Biliousness instead of resorting to the old-fashioned blue pill and nauseous black draught, will do well to keep a box of these Pills by them and never leave home without them : an attack may thus be nipped in the bud by taking a dose or two, which, if allowed to run its course for a few days, would probably almost completely prostrate its unhappy victim. Sold in boxes at 1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d. and 4s. 6d.

WHOLESALE AGENTS FOR INDIA,

TREACHER & COMPANY, LD.,

BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

N.B.—The Trade and Native Dealers supplied under Special Discount.

Debilitated and nervous young men should read the "Medical Adviser," by Dr. De Roos, on the secret causes of nervous debility, impotency, depression of spirits, and confirmed melancholy. Sent post free on receipt of a Postal Order for one Shilling by Mr. LAWES, Medical Publisher, 14, Hand-court, Holborn, London, W.C.

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(EFFERVESCENT),

AERATED WATER MANUFACTURERS', BREWERS',

AND CONFECTIONERS' CHEMICALS

MAY BE ORDERED THROUGH FIRMS OF ENGLISH MERCHANTS, OR DIRECT FROM

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MANUFACTURING CHEMIST AND ESSENTIAL OIL DISTILLER,

CAMBRIAN MILLS, WOOD STREET, LIVERPOOL, ENGLAND.

AGENTS WANTED IN BOMBAY AND CALCUTTA.

DR. DE JONGH'S

KNIGHT OF THE ORDER OF LEOPOLD OF BELGIUM
KNIGHT OF THE LEGION OF HONOUR

LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL

THE PUREST. THE MOST PALATABLE. THE MOST DIGESTIBLE. THE MOST EFFICACIOUS.

Incontestably proved by Thirty Years' Medical Experience to be

The only Cod Liver Oil which produces the full curative effects in

CONSUMPTION AND DISEASES OF THE CHEST, THROAT AFFECTIONS, GENERAL DEBILITY, DISEASES OF THE SKIN, WASTING DISEASES OF CHILDREN, RICKETS, AND ALL SCROFULOUS DISORDERS.

SELECT MEDICAL OPINIONS.

SIR G. DUNCAN GIBB, Bart., M.D.,
Physician to the Westminster Hospital.

"The value of DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL as a therapeutic agent in a number of diseases, chiefly of an exhaustive character, has been admitted by the world of medicine ; but, in addition, I have found it a remedy of great power in the treatment of many Affections of the Throat and Larynx, especially in Consumption of the latter, where it will sustain life when everything else fails."

DR. SINCLAIR COGHILL,
Physician to the Royal National Hospital for Consumption, Ventnor.

"I have convinced myself that in Tubercular and the various forms of Strumous Disease, DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL possesses greater therapeutic efficacy than any other Cod Liver Oil with which I am acquainted. It was especially noted, in a large number of cases in which the patients protested they had never been able to retain or digest other Cod Liver Oil, that DR. DE JONGH'S OIL was not only tolerated, but taken readily, and with marked benefit."

JOSEPH J. POPE, Esq., M.R.C.S.,
Late Staff Surgeon, Army, Professor of Hygiene, Birkbeck Institution, London.

"I found during my Indian experience that the worth and character of DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL remained unchanged by tropical heat or foreign climate, and it was from its uniformity of character, particularly adapted for long-continued administration. The value of DR. DE JONGH'S OIL in debilitated states of the system is now becoming thoroughly recognized ; and it is, without doubt, from the animal oils and fats, that we must look for available substitutes, that we may hope to derive the surest benefit. The Oil of DR. DE JONGH places in everyone's reach a reliable and valuable remedy, one that cannot be too widely recognized."

DR. R. C. CROFT,
Author of "Handbook for the Nursery."

"DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL is almost a specific in many of the Diseases peculiar to Infancy and Childhood, and I have seen marked benefit produced by its use. Patients prefer it to the Pale Oils, and are able to retain it more comfortably."

DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL is supplied ONLY in IMPERIAL Half-Pints, Pints and Quarts, sealed with BETTS'S Patent Capsule impressed on the top with DR. DE JONGH'S Stamp, and on the side with his Signature, and the Signature of ANSAR, HARFORD & Co. ; and bearing under the wrapper a Label with the same Stamp and Signature

WITHOUT THESE MARKS NONE CAN POSSIBLY BE GENUINE.

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ANSAR, HARFORD & Co., Limited, 210, HIGH HOLBORN, LONDON.

MANUFACTURERS BY APPOINTMENT TO HER IMPERIAL MAJESTY THE EMPRESS OF INDIA.

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BISCUIT MANUFACTURERS,

READING AND LONDON.

SOLUBLE FRUIT ESSENCES

FRUIT EXTRACTS, COLOURINGS, &c.,

SPECIALLY PREPARED FOR

Aerated Water Manufacturers & Confectioners.

BRATBY & HINCHLIFFE, LIMITED,

ANCOATS, MANCHESTER ; 146, MINORIES, LONDON ;

And 81, ROBERTSON STREET, GLASGOW.

Price Lists and Full Particulars on application to their Agent,

F. W. SHALLIS, Bombay.

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NONE ARE GENUINE WITHOUT THIS TRADE MARK STAMPED ON THE SOLES.

JOSEPH DAWSON & SONS
REGISTERED TRADE MARK
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UNIVERSAL LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY

[ESTABLISHED 1834]

FAMILY PROVISION.

A POLICY of ASSURANCE for Rs. 10,000 can be obtained at the following Rates :—

| AGE Next Birthday. |

BOMBAY BANK AND STOCK LIST.

BANKS.

Names.	Shares.	Amount.	Paid-up.	Last Half-Yearly Divd.	Cash Rate
INDIAN BANKS		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Bank of Bombay	30,000	500	all	10 pr. ct.	1,275
Bank of Bengal	40,000	500	all	10 pr. ct.	1,250
Bank of Madras	10,000	500	all	10 pr. ct.	1,133
Commercial Bank of Ld. Mgs.	15,000	100	100	Nil	36 pd
	2,016	100	75	10 p. a.	114xd
	3,000	100	10		50xd
EXCHANGE BANKS.					
Agra	100,000	400	all	5 pr. ct	60xd
Chartered Bank	40,000	625	429	7 pr. ct	490
Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation	50,000	$125	all	£1	22
National Bank of India	40 000	625	£134	6 pr. ct.	245
PRESS COMPANIES					
Akbar	20	1,000	1,35	75	1,375
Albert Glimbing Co	10.	500	all		450
Albert (Khara sheet)	20.	1,10	1,10	15 pr. ct.	1,130
Bellary	187	1,000	1,000	11	2274
Bhownagar City Press & Manfg Co, Ld	530	250	250	dvd 45	310
Bombay Cotton Wool's Cawnpore Press Co. Ld	1 00	125	125	dvd Rs.7	140
Bombay Printing Co. Ld	800	200	200	14	133
Cola'a	500	1,000	1,000	20	225
East India	350	1,000	1,00	75 dvd	1,250
English Press and Manfg.	40'	250	—	Nil dvd Rs.7	1074
Fort	515	2 500		Rs. 81	1,22
Premier	20	31'		dvd Rs.25	425
Harvey and Sabapathy	450	1.	60	3	49
Himolf Press Co., Ld	750	400	all	dvd Rs.74	110
Khanagum	240	450	440	dvd Rs.30	40xd
Mahuva Press Co, Ld	300	20)	all	15 pr. ct.	247½
Mathurdpura Cotton Co. and P. Co. Ld.	300	500	500	53	120
Mercantile	1000	125	125	10	105
M'Kenzi Co	1,125	600	600	Nil	375
Munuar M	1,000	250	a'l	Nil	227½
New Borar	1,200	500	500	Nil	545
New Indian	4,000	125	125	Nil	1381
Prince of Wales	10.	50	50	Rs.35dv	435
Rajhpatshy (Bellary)	30'	500	75	30	490
Rasoon	300	500	500	21	585
Samachar Punjab Co	10.	1,000	60	180	2 30
Sind	60'	1,000	75	35	615
Soras Woollen Mills	1,20'	25	25	Nil	10
Surat City	2'	500	500	16	200
Times of India	87'	20.	all	dvd Rs12	210
Volkart		1,00	1000	Rs.	1,220
SPINNING AND WEAV NG COMPANIES.					
Alliance	1,600	1,000	all	Rs. 15	565
Anglo-Indian	1,345	100	100	Nil	45
Bellary S W Co. Ld. (Bellary)	871	5 0	all	9per ct.	305
Bombay Uniform Co. Ld.	900	1,00	1,000	dvd Rs20	700
Bombay Cotton Manfg. Co.	600	500	500	2	41)
Bombay Industrial Manfg. Co. Ld.	93.	1,000	1,000	Nil	100
Bombay Mill	1,000	1,000	1,000	Nil	265
Central India	1,000	500	500	dvd Rs.35	1,475
Cotton Mills Co. Ld	800	1,000	1,000	Nil	400
City of Bombay Mills	800	1,00	1,00	dvd Rs25	910
Coimbatore S and W	102	100	103	..	110
Connaught	900	500	50	dvd Rs.25	625xd
Coorla Mills	4,000	700		Rs. 10	653
Dharamsi Mill	2,000	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs.75	1,300
David Mill	1,000	500	500	Rs. 15	415
Dhun Mills	1,000	1,00	1 00	5	300
Empress	3,100	500	500	dvd Rs.25	650xd
Framjee Petit	1,250	1,000	1,000	Nil	410
Hindustan	875	1,000	1, 00	Nil	760
Hong Kong and Mill	70	80	50	4	86
Howard and Bullough	1,600	500	500	dvd Rs.25	630xd
Hyderabad	700	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs.50	1,300
Imperial Cotton	600	500	500	dvd Rs.15	375
Indian Manfg.	100	500	100	50	1,325
James Greaves	1,10	500	500	dvd Rs.23	547
Jaffer Alli	80	500	50	Nil	550
Jamshed Manufacturing Co.	1,200	200	270	dvd Rs.5	140xd
Jowraz Baloo	1,000	1,00	1,00	dvd Rs.40	980
Jubilee Mills					
Co. Ld	600	100	1,000	Rs. 20	200
Khandesh	750	1,000	1,000	Nil	655
Khanagunam Manfg. Co.	40'	250	250	Nil	82
Khatao Mac	1,20'	1,000	1,000	Nil	760xd
Kinglee	2,500	100	103	dvd Rs.10	170xd
Lord Reay Mfg	44.	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs.15	790
Lukmidas Spinning and Weaving Co	1,200	1,00	1,000	Nil	980
Madras United	350	1,00	1,000	Rs. 100	2,900xd
Mahalaxmee	600	1,00	1,00	Nil	92
Mahboob Shah Mills (Gulburga)	2,40'	50	50	15 pr. ct	154
Manockjee Petit	4,000	1,00	1,00	Rs. 50	1,815
Mazagon	5,000	0	25	Nil	160
Morarji Goculdas	1,05'	1,00	1 00	dvd Rs.80	2,100
Maharaja Mysore S & M Co	4,500	100	100	Nil	120
Madura Mills	7,779	100	100	Nil.	par
National	500	1,000	1,000	Nil	75
New Great Eastern	1,400	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	450
Oriental	5,725	622	622	Nil	445
Presidency Mills Co (Ld.)	743	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	1 355
Queen Mills	800	1,000	1,000	Nil	670
Ripon Mills	600	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs30	1,010
Sassoon	1,500	1,000	1,000	25	1,405
Shahapore Mills	500	1,000	1,000	Nil	1 500
Somasundra	750	1,000	1,000	Nil	1 635
Southern India	1,000	500	500	Rs. 15	150
Southern Mahratta	1,312	250	250	dvd Rs 10	380xd
Spring	1,980	250	250	12½	195
Star of India	1,000	1,000	1 000	Nil	210
Swadeshi Mills	675	500	500	Rs. 15	550
Union Spinning and Manufacturing Co.	900	1,000	1,00	50	550
Venkatshunker Lukhmidhur Chaki Co Ld	900	50	90	15	800
Victoria Mills	550	1,00	1,00	Nil	120
Western India	1,200	1,00	1,000	Nil	740
Wadia Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	—	200
Union Mills Ld	900	1,000	1,00	—	500
MISCELLANEOUS.					
Alcock Ashdown	1,000	200	200	Divd.	310 ex
Back Bay Baths	750	50	150	7½	235 x
Badham Pillar	900	50	40	1	10
Bombay & Burma Trading Corporation	4,000	100	100	10	113
Do. New Issue	5,500	1,500	Rs. 300	5,225	
Bombay Land and Building Co., Ld.	600	375	625	Rs. 75	1,330
Bombay Landing Co.	1,75'	100	100	dvd Rs3	75
Bombay Flour Mill	600	600	600	2 pr. ct	631
Bombay Ice Co.	1,000	500	500	Rs. 50	1,425
Deccan Ice Co. in Liquidation	1,170	100	100	Nil	5nl
Deccan Paper Mills	1,000	500	500	5 pr. ct.	250
Delhi and Northern India Flour Mills	1,500	100	200	Rs. 27	283xd
Delhi Cloth & General Mills Co. Ld	2,250	250	250	7½ pr. ct.	300
Indian Guarantee Surety Ship Assn	5,000	100	10	16 pr.ct.	16½
John Roberts & Co	1 500	100	100	10 pr. ct	135
Kemp & Co.	4,000	200	175	dvd Rs.21	330
Kurrachee Landing	600	500	500	20	165
Maharanee Ice Manufacturing Co.	2,500	100	100	Nil.	1nl
Marcks & Co., Ld	1,000	100	100	Rs. 16	123
NapierHotel Co	2,000	100	100	9 pr.ct.	50
NapierFoundry	1,200	100	200		60
Oriental Govt. Security Life Insurance	5,000	200	60	10 pr. ct.	168xd
Phillips & Co., Ld	4,000	100	100	Rs. 7	99
Port Canning Co	6,000	1,000	1,000	20	475xd
Prince of Wales Fire In.	250	8,000	1,000	N dvd.	2,300
Soundy & Co	1,000	100	200	9	63
Thacker & Co.	2,000	100	100	60	1,005
Thacker & Co.	1,500	100	100	Nil.	65
Telephone Co.	9,200	25	all	5	23
			100		
			25		
RAILWAY COMPANIES.					guar.
G.I. P. R. Consolidated Stock		$100	all	5 p.c.	2,4
B. B. & C. R.		£ 18		do.	

PRICES OF BULLION.

Sovereigns	Rs. 15 6
Carolus	" 201 nom.
Mexican Dollars	" 197 nom.
Gold Five-Franc Pieces	" 15 for 4 pieces gold nom
Bar Silver	" 93-12
Gold Leaf	" 2-9
Bar Gold, English (100 touch)	" 22
Bar Australian	" 22-12
Bar Bombay	" 23-9
Bar Pekin	" 23-4

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Four per cent	nom.
Three-and-a-half per cent	103-14
Municipal 5 percent. Debenture Loans	124
New French Loan 5 per cent. 1872	nom.
City of Paris Loan	360 nom.
Four per cent. Port Trust	107-12

EXCHANGE.

	Terms.	Rate.
London Banks	On demand	1s. 7 29-32d.
Do. do.	Telegraphic	1s. 1 3-16d.
Do. do.	8 Months sight	1s. 1½d.
Do. do.	4 Do. do.	1s. 1 9-32d.
Do. do.	6 Do. do.	1s. 1 5-16d.
Do. Credits	3 Do. do.	1s. 1 5-16d.
Do. do.	4 Do. do.	1s. 1 3-64d.
Do. Documents	6 Do. do.	1s. 1 11-32d.
Do. do.	6 Do. do.	1s. 1 23-32d.
France	6 Do. do.	1"10
Do.	6 Do. do.	1"10
Calcutta	At sight	100 1-32
Do.	30 days	99½
Madras	At sight	100 1-32
Do.	30 days	99-13
China	30 days	1 135

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth? Go at once to Chemist and get a Bottle of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to taste, it produces natural, quiet sleep, by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes "as bright as a button." It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for Dysentery and Diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP is sold by Medicine dealers everywhere at 1s. 1½d. per Bottle.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Manmar Manufacturing Company, Khoja Mohollu, 11 a.m.

Mercantile Press Company, Apollo Street, 2-30 p. m.

Rifle Club Competition.

Music on the Esplanade, 5-30 p.m.

Music at the Victoria Gardens, 5-45 p.m.

English Lecture, Government Vernacular School (Mr. B. M. Wagle's Bungalow) Kandewadi, 5-30 p. m.

Aryan Social Union Service on "Observance of Nature's Laws," by Shastri Narhuri Godsey, at the People's Free Reading Room, 8-30 p. m.

CRICKET.

B. V. A. vs. Y. M. C. A.

Telegraph vs. Ralli Brothers.

Ordnance vs. B. B. and C. I. Railway.

TO-MORROW.

Young Zoroastrians vs. John Bright.

Hindu Gymkhana vs. Liberal.

PRINCE'S Dock.—The steamers Chanda and Shat-el-Arab left the dock on Thursday; and the steamer City of Dublin, yesterday.

VICTORIA DOCK.—The steamer Werneth Hall entered the dock on Thursday; and the steamer Manilla left it yesterday.

POLO.—There will be a scratch game, this afternoon, at 4-30 p.m.

FAIR.—The Nowratree Fair will commence from to-morrow, at the Mahaluxmee Temple, and will continue for ten days.

DEPARTURE.—His Highness the Thakore Saheb of Palitana left Bombay on Thursday night, by the Ahmedabad mail train, for his native territories.

SOLAR ECLIPSE.—There will be a partial eclipse of the sun this morning, at 7 o'clock, and large crowds of people will visit the Walkeshwar Temple and Chowpatty Seaface in consequence.

POSTAL NOTICE.—With effect from to-day, the charges on Foreign Money Orders and British Postal Orders will be regulated at offices, in the town of Bombay, by schedule 44, viz., Is. 1½d. per rupee.

RUGBY FOOTBALL.—A football match, under the Rugby rules, was played on the Cooperage, between the Bombay Gymkhana and a combined XV. of the Rangers and B. V. A. The Gymkhana won by three to one.

AN EXTRA MAIL.—A mail for Europe, consisting of letters and packets, specially marked for transmission, per Austrian Lloyd's s. s. Imperatrix, will be made up at the Bombay General Post Office, for despatch to the Trieste Post Office, at 9 a.m., on Monday, the 1st October.

LECTURE.—Swami Bhaskaranand Saraswati, B. Sc., who has lately returned from his tour in America and England, will deliver a public lecture on "The Prosperity of a Country," to-morrow, at 3 p.m., in the Gaiety Theatre, Fort. Mr. Lakhmidas Khimji has consented to preside.

"HARICHANDRA" AT THE NOVELTY.—Mr. C. M. Balivala, the proprietor of the Novelty Theatre, has prepared his company for the performance of "Harichandra," a famous Hindu drama of great antiquity; and those who have witnessed the rehearsals, predict a rich treat for the play-goers, both Parsees and Hindus, this evening.

THE BENEFIT OF THE DOUBT.—Yesterday, at the Esplanade Police Court, before Mr. Cooper, Chief Presidency Magistrate, Vithoba Anant, a clerk, in the firm of Messrs. John Fleming and Company, appeared to further answer the charge of criminal breach of trust in respect of Rs. 200. His Worship, having recorded the evidence, heard the defence; after which the accused was given the benefit of the doubt, and discharged.

MUSIC AT THE VICTORIA GARDENS.—By kind permission of the Commandant and Officers the Band of the G. I. P. Railway Volunteers will perform the following programme, at the Victoria Gardens, this evening, at 5-45 o'clock:—

March	J. Hume.
Overture	Lortzing.
Waltz	Bucalossi.
Fantasia	Rosse.
Song	Lover's Old Sweet Song.
Galop	C. G. Briggs.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

MUSIC ON THE ESPLANADE.—By kind permission of the Commandant and Officers the Band of the 1st Battalion B. B. and C. I. Railway Volunteer Rifle Corps, will perform the following programme at the Esplanade Bandstand, this evening, at 5-30 o'clock (weather permitting):—

Quick March	J. Orl. Hume.
Overture	Schubert. Suppe.
Valse	Our Last G. Lamothe.
Selection	Verdi. Verdi.
Polka	Flying Moment E. Bucalossi.
Galop	Wounetremken C. Faust.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

ARREST OF A DISHONEST SERVANT.—The Portuguese servant, Pedroo Pascoal, who had absconded, taking with him a gold watch and chain and a set of gold studs, valued at Rs. 600, belonging to his master, Mr. Framjee Sorabji, residing at Chauney Wady, arrived yesterday morning, from Poona, and was going along Ripon Road towards Jacob's Circle, when Inspector Gray, upon certain information previously received, arrested him, and upon making inquiries in conjunction with Inspector Roshanalli, recovered the watch, chain, and studs from a Borah, named Isaji, in Chor Bazar, to whom they were sold by the accused for Rs. 80 three days ago. A locket attached to the chain is still missing.

THE "POOR WHITE" QUESTION IN BOMBAY.—At the instance of Constable Michell John May, a European, aged thirty-five years, was, yesterday, charged before Mr. Hall, Presidency Magistrate, with being drunk and disorderly in a public place. The accused was arrested on Thursday last by Constable Michell, at Girgaum Road, where he was behaving in a disorderly manner under the influence of liquor, and was locked up. Accused in defence stated that he had some liquor, and was asking soldiers for alms, when they insulted him, and had him locked up. He arrived in Bombay six months ago, and went to the docks for work, but could get no regular work there. He had got no money. The magistrate declared him a vagrant, and ordered him to be sent to the Government Workhouse.

DEATH FROM TETANUS.—Mr. Allan F. Turner, the coroner, held an inquest, yesterday, at the Goculdas Tejpal Hospital, regarding the death of Shamrao Hurree, a Hindu lad, aged nine years, residing with his mother at Old Nagpada. About noon, on the 16th instant, the deceased was sliding down the banister of the staircase in the house, when he suddenly fell on the landing, sustaining abrasions on the lips and gums. Some household remedy was applied, and the deceased appeared to be well for three days. On the fourth day, Shamrao was attacked with lock-jaw, when his mother took him to a doctor, under whose advice, he was taken to the Goculdas Tejpal Hospital. The tetanic symptoms increased in severity, and the deceased succumbed on Thursday in the hospital. A verdict of death from tetanus was returned by the jury.

ROBBING A MENDICANT.—At the Mazagon Police Court, yesterday, Gopal Rama was charged by Inspector Saunderson, before Mr. W. R. Hamilton, Second Presidency Magistrate, with theft of Rs. 284 in cash, one cap, and a dhotar, belonging to Rambhat Krishnabhat, a mendicant, residing on the verandah of a house, at Thakordwar. Complainant used to keep his money in a cap under the bedding on the verandah. On the evening of the 21st instant, he saw the money safe in the bedding, but on the following morning missed it. He reported the theft to the police, who, upon inquiry, arrested accused on suspicion, and on searching his house and person recovered Rs. 234-12 in cash and the two pieces of wearing apparel. The remaining portion of the cash was subsequently recovered by the police from another man. The magistrate convicted the accused, and sentenced him to six months' rigorous imprisonment.

THEFT BY A FELLOW-LODGER.—Ittoe, a woman, residing at Duncan Road, has reported to the police that, on her getting up on Thursday morning, she found that the front door of her room had been broken open, and on making an examination of her room, further discovered a large box, containing gold and silver ornaments, of the value of Rs. 651, stolen. The woman immediately raised an alarm, which brought the police at once to the scene, and on the matter being investigated the stolen box, minus its contents, was discovered lying in the sweepers' gully. To all appearances it appeared to be a burglary at first, but upon a further inquiry, the suspicion fell on one Dajia Cushaba, who had been residing in the complainant's place for the last six weeks, and who was at once taken into custody. Shortly after his arrest, Dajia made certain statements and took the police to the privy in the house, and pointed out the place where he had buried the stolen ornaments. The police immediately dug up the place, and recovered the ornaments.

AN UNWELCOME VISITOR.—At the Mazagon Police Court, yesterday, one Mahomed Ismail, a Mahomedan, of a notorious character, was placed, at the instance of Constable Michell, before Mr. W. R. Hamilton, Second Presidency Magistrate, and charged with stealing a metal watch, of the value of Rs. 15, the property of Jehangir Nusi Bux, a domestic servant, residing at Galwady, Girgaum. The accused was in the habit of visiting complainant at his place. About half past ten o'clock, on the morning of the 25th July, accused went to complainant's house on a visit, and while the latter was in the inner rooms, accused took off the watch from a nail in the wall and walked off. After the accused had left the place, complainant missing his watch, made a report to the police, and gave the name of the accused, as the person on whom he rested his suspicion. On Wednesday, Rahimbix Elahibux, the brother of complainant was going along Girgaum Road, when on seeing accused coming from the opposite direction, at once recognised him, and having arrested him made him over to the police. Constable Michell upon inquiry recovered the watch from Vithoo Urjoon, with whom it was pledged by the accused for Rs. 6. Accused against whom stood a register of two previous convictions, was sentenced to one year's rigorous imprisonment.

FOREIGN TELEGRAMS.

It is notified that with effect from yesterday (Friday) and until further orders, the telegraphic tariff charges per word in messages to foreign countries will be the same as those in force before the 1st September, as given in the Guide for July, 1894.

PRINCE UGO BONCOMPAGNI, Duke of Sora, is going to embrace the monastic life.

HIGH COURT.—APPELLATE SIDE.

Before the Hon. Mr. Justice JARDINE and the Hon. Mr. Justice RANADE.)

MURDEROUS ASSAULT BY A POLICE PATEL.

IMPERATRIX VS. KALA OCCHANG.

THIS was an appeal from a decision of Mr. R. S. Tipnis, Joint Sessions Judge of Broach, who, on the 18th June last, convicted the accused of voluntarily causing grievous hurt by a dangerous weapon and sentenced him to five years' rigorous imprisonment. Mr. Manekshah appeared for the accused; and the Government pleader for the Crown.

The accused, it appeared, was a police patel of Panjroli, in which village lived one Amarsang Jess, who had no one living with him in that village, and his son Guman lived from his infancy at Kanbi in the Surat district. On the 23rd October, 1893, the accused had some quarrel with Amarsang, and struck the latter with an axe in three places on his body, one blow inflicting a ghastly wound on the right shoulder; another cut off two fingers; and the third inflicted a wound on the head which ultimately proved fatal, and the man died on the 8th December last. What was most surprising in the case was that the injury to the head was not noticed by any one until the 15th November, that is, until after twenty days from the date of the attack. Amarsang himself did not suspect it or feel any pain in consequence of it. He did not mention it in his complaint the next day to the police at Hansot, nor to the hospital assistant when he was admitted into the dispensary for treatment. Every one seemed to be of opinion that there was no head wound until, on the 15th November, Amarsang complained to the hospital assistant that there was something suppurating in the head. On examination it was found that below the matted hair there was a wound one inch long, and the bone was exposed. Dangerous symptoms showed themselves later on, and the man died on the 8th December. How this injury escaped detection was a mystery; and in Mr. Tipnis' opinion, the accused was entitled to the benefit of the doubt on this point. The other injuries amounted to grievous hurt; and the Joint Sessions Judge had no doubt that the accused caused it. The evidence showed that the rage of the accused, who was the police and revenue patel of the village, was probably enhanced by the previous strained relations between the parties. After Amarsang was struck down, he applied to some persons to write a report about his injuries, but so great was the influence of the patel that no one took any notice of the deceased's condition until late the same afternoon. When the man's condition became serious, the magistrate of Hansot was sent for, and his dying declaration was taken down on the 26th November. In this statement he accused Kala of striking him with an axe. The police investigation was very weak in the matter, and the accused was not arrested till after Amarsang's death. No evidence was procured by the chief constable himself. The apathy shown by the police could not but lead the Joint Sessions Judge to the conclusion that they too were more or less influenced by the position which the police patel occupied. An earnest attempt at investigation was made only after the doctor pronounced that the patient was dying. On the whole, Mr. Tipnis was fully satisfied that the accused did cause grievous hurt to Amarsang; and a great failure of justice would have resulted had not the Sessions Judge revived the prosecution after it had once been dropped. Mr. Tipnis noticed with disapprobation the conduct of the hospital assistant, the police constable and the head constable, in reference to this cause. The court, agreeing with both assessors, found the accused guilty of voluntarily causing grievous hurt and sentenced him to suffer rigorous imprisonment for five years.

Their Lordships, on a consideration of all the circumstances of the case, dismissed the appeal.

CULPABLE HOMICIDE OF A SISTER-IN-LAW.

IMPERATRIX VS. JIBHAI TULSI.

The accused in this case appealed from a decision of Mr. T. Hamilton, Session Judge of Surat, who, on the 9th June last, convicted him of culpable homicide not amounting to murder, and sentenced him to five years' rigorous imprisonment. The Government pleader appeared for the Crown.

The accused was charged with voluntarily causing grievous hurt to his sister-in-law, Bai Suraj, with a dangerous weapon. The woman died from the effects of a blow on the head given by the accused with a heavy stick. The accused had come on a visit to the house of Dhana, his brother-in-law and the husband of the deceased. One evening, he came and told his sister-in-law that he was very hungry and wanted his dinner quickly. She was cooking at the time, and it appeared that his impatience somewhat ruffled her temper, and she replied that, if he could not wait, he had better go to his own house for his dinner. This led to an altercation between the accused, and high words passed between them. Dhana was at the time in a back room of the house, suffering from ophthalmia, and so he did not see, but only heard, what was passing in the front room. At length there was a sound of a fall, and then a silence. Dhana ran to see what was the matter, and found his wife lying senseless on the floor, bleeding from a wound on her forehead. The accused had disappeared. There was beside her a long stick used as an axe-handle, which usually stood in the corner of the room. About midnight the woman had sufficiently recovered her consciousness, to be able to tell her husband that the accused had struck her on the head with the stick, and to ask him not to make any complaint against him; and doubtless if the woman had recovered, nothing more would have been heard of the matter. She again became unconscious, and a village servant, named Baji, who heard some women talking about the affair went and informed the police patel. Concealment was no longer possible, and after some enquiry into the circumstances of the case, a report was made. The woman was sent to the dispensary at Wagra, where she died on the 10th April last, the day after admission, and the third day after receiving the fatal blow. The medical evidence showed that death was due to fracture of the skull. The accused was arrested on the morning of the 9th April, as he was on his way to another village. Apparently the man had remained concealed in the village, but when matters became serious he thought it best to go elsewhere. The Sessions Judge upon the evidence convicted the accused, and sentenced him to five years' rigorous imprisonment.

Their Lordships saw no reason to interfere and dismissed the appeal.

A PRESIDENCY MAGISTRATE'S DECISION REVERSED.

IMPERATRIX VS. DAGDU RAMA.

This was an appeal from a decision from Mr. P. H. Dastoor, Presidency Magistrate, on the 23rd May last, convicted the accused of assisting in the disposal of stolen property, and sentenced him to nine months' rigorous imprisonment.

In this case the appellant and others were convicted of the offence of being in a dwelling and theft of the property of one Gopal Ramdundra Dabholkar, of the value of about Rs. 1,900. Three of the accused made a confession, disclosed the conspiracy, and implicated the other accused. There was evidence to show, the magistrate remarked, that the appellant with others visited two of the accused in their room, and that one of them introduced the complainant as a Pateel from Bombay-Patan merchant, who had gold and pearls to sell. Two of the accused went to the complainant's house at night and told him that the property had been brought. It was not brought, however, and all the parties were asked to call again on the next morning, when two of the accused went and sold the pearls. The appellant was present with some of the accused, and he was also said to have been in the company of the conspirator. The prosecution is a pleader of Ahmedabad, and arrived in Bombay on the 19th May, and put up with his parents. His wife had in her trunk a lot of gold, silver, and pearl ornaments, and it was with the theft of these ornaments which the appellant and others were charged. They were, on conviction, sentenced to rigorous imprisonment for periods varying from one month to two years, the appellant being sentenced to nine months.

Their Lordships, on a consideration of the evidence, reversed the conviction of, and the sentence passed upon, the appellant.

DIVINE SERVICES.

NINETEENTH SUNDAY AFTER TRINITY, SEPTEMBER 30.

SAINT THOMAS' CATHEDRAL.

7-30 a.m.—Matins.

8 a.m.—Holy Communion.—Choral.—Missa Celestis—Hymns 237, 329 and 328.

4-45 p.m.—Children's Service.

6 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.—Hymns 423, 223 and 550. Magnificat and Nunc Dimittis.—Simper in F.

Daily Matins at 6-45 a.m. and Evensong at 5 p.m.

Thursday.—Celebration at 7-15 a.m.

ALL SAINTS' CHURCH, MALABAR HILL.

7-30 a.m.—Matins and Celebration.

6 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.

FREE CHURCH OF SCOTLAND, ESPLANADE.

11 a.m.—Morning Service and Sermon.—Hymns 123, 221 and 225.

4-30 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.

6 p.m.—Evening Service. Collection for the Scottish Orphanage.

Hymns 181, 374 and 304.

Psalm, 94. Tune 150.

ST. JOHN THE EVANGELIST.

(Afghan Memorial Church, Colaba.)

7 a.m.—Matins (Parade Service) and Sermon.—Hymns 197, 161 and 193.

8 a.m.—Celebration of the Holy Communion.

5 p.m.—Sunday School.

6 p.m.—Evensong (Choral) and Sermon.—Hymns 423, 221 and 253.

HOLY TRINITY CHURCH, ESPLANADE.

(Near School of Art).

Pastor.—Rev. C. Gilder.

7-45 a.m.—Celebration of the Holy Communion and Sermon. —Hymns 37, 421 and 311.

6 p.m.—Evening Prayer and Sermon.—Hymns 421, 165, and 233.

The offertories for church expenses and poor relief.

MISSION CHURCH, GIRGAON.

7 a.m.—Holy Communion.

11 a.m.—Morning Prayer, and Sermon by Rev. A. H. Bowman—Hymns 6, 339 and 283.

4-30 p.m.—Service for the Young.

6 p.m.—Evening Prayer and Sermon by Rev. W. G. Peel. —Hymns 331, 384 and 238.

St. PETER'S CHURCH, MAZAGAON.

6-30 a.m.—Matins.

7 a.m.—Choral, Eucharist.

10 a.m.—No Service (Holidays).

6 p.m.—Choral, Evensong and Sermon.

Alms for general expenses.

CHRIST CHURCH, BYCULLA.

7-30 a.m.—Holy Communion.

11 a.m.—Morning Prayer and Sermon.—Hymns 214 and 211.

4 p.m.—Sunday School.

6 p.m.—Evening Prayer and Sermon.—Hymns 191, 197 and 24.

ST. MARY'S CHURCH, PAREL.

8 a.m.—Litany, Sermon and Holy Communion.

5 p.m.—Sunday School.

6 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.

CHURCH OF SCOTLAND.

9 a.m.—B. B. and C. I. R. Institute, Parel.

6 p.m.—St. Andrew's Church Fort.

Psalm 27 (4-6 tune III).

Hymns 100, 198 and 293.

Anthem.—"I will lay me down in peace."

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCHES.

Grant Road Church.

7-30 a.m.—Sunday School.

8-15 a.m.—Sermon by Pastor H. A. Crane.

6 p.m.—Sermon by M. T. Carroll.

Bowen Church, Apollo Bundor.

9-30 a.m.—Sunday School.

11 a.m.—Sermon by C. R. Marrott.

6 p.m.—Sermon by Pastor H. A. Crane.

Mazagaon Church.

4-30 p.m.—Sunday School.

6 p.m.—Sermon by Rev. W. H. Stephens.

THE ANTHROPOLOGICAL SOCIETY OF BOMBAY.

THE ordinary monthly meeting of the Society was held at the rooms of the Society, 6, Apollo Street, on Wednesday, the 26th instant, Mr. Khursetjee Rastomjee Cama, Vice-President, in the chair. The minutes of the previous meeting were read and confirmed. The election of the following new member was announced:—Veterinary Surgeon Dhunjishaw Navrozjee Patel, G.B. V.C., Bombay. The following presents were announced and thanks voted to the donors:—

TO THE LIBRARY.

From the Superintendent, Government Press, Madras, Administration Report of the Madras Government Museum for the year 1893.

From the Authors—"A Note on the Tract of country south of the River Son, in the Mirzapore District, N.-W. Provinces," by Messrs. W. Crooke and G. R. Dumpier, I. C. S.

From Berlin—Zeitschrift fur Ethnologie Heft IV.

From Nederlandsch—Indie—Bijdragen Tot de Taal —Land—en Volkenkunde.

The Honorary Secretary drew the attention of the members present to the paper on "*Stone Rude Stone Implements* from Back Bay, Middle Colaba," written at his request by Mr. Fred. Swynnerton and published in the Journal of the Society, No. 4, Vol. III. The Honorary Secretary said that the paper when read and published was received with some doubts, Mr. Swynnerton's views being considered mere assumptions. A copy of the paper, with the collection of the implements, was sent to Mr. Boyd Dawkins, Professor of Anthropology and Geology at the Owens College, Manchester, who confirmed the author's views. Along with the flints, flakes and implements a fossil tooth was found whose nature could not then be ascertained. Mr. Swynnerton wrote: "To estimate the comparative age of the flints might seem ridiculous, and the question is rendered more difficult by a fossil tooth. I found close to one of the more perfect flakes. This is, I believe, the first fossil belonging to a mammal found at Bombay, and it is therefore unique. I have not yet ascertained to what kind of animal the tooth belonged, but it bears on it evident marks of having lain in earth for some time, and possibly may have come out of the indurated mud I have before mentioned as occurring here and there on the shore. The tooth is undoubtedly stone, and the mud on it is also fossilized. One of the flints has also some semi-fossilised mud upon it, and might have come out of the same stratum as the tooth. It would be interesting to know whether the worked stones have been chipped on the shore when the latter was pretty much as we now see it, or whether they have been in the alluvial matter forming part of the shore and have only comparatively recently been washed out by the sea. Do the flints belong to the same period as the fossil tooth, and have they come out of the same stratum? The tooth, I may say, was found on one of the higher portions of the shore, about halfway between high and law water, where flints are numerous." With regard to this subject Professor Dawkins says:—"The tooth, which I have registered, is very interesting. It is the 2nd upper true molar of Hippurion, and of the *Plesiocuma* type." The Honorary Secretary observed in conclusion that those of the members who were interested in prehistoric studies had a vast field yet unexplored in their close vicinity waiting for further researches.

Mr. Tribhowandas Mungaldas Nathubhoy then read a paper on certain social questions connected with Marriage and Inheritance among the Hindus, which will be published in the Journal of the Society.

A vote of thanks to the author of the paper and the customary compliment to the chair, concluded the business of the meeting.

THE DURAND FOOTBALL TOURNAMENT.

THE Royal Scots Fusiliers met the Seaforth Highlanders at Simla, on Tuesday afternoon. The attendance was unusually large, the enclosure being crowded, and the hill sides covered with spectators. A keen cont

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RARE BOOKS.—A Collection of Scarce FRENCH FACETIÆ, chiefly of 18th Century, with a few Burton Society Publications. List from "HOME-WARD BOUND," care of this Office.

WATERPROOF BILLIARD COVERS.—Indispensable during the Monsoon. May be had of JOHN ROBERTS & Co., Ld., 13, Marine Street.

MAHABLESHWAR DAWK RE-OPENED —Comfortable PHAETON and TONGA DAWKS from POONA to MAHABLESHWAR, also from WATHAR to MAHABLESHWAR, can be obtained at reasonable rates from BURJORJI PERUSHAW, Diplomaed Dawk Supplier to H. E. the Governor of Bombay and Staff.

"THE BIJOU" TO BE LET, for the October Season. For particulars apply to Miss HOWELL, "The Homestead," Bandora Hill.

SURGEON-CAPTAIN, A. M. S., Bengal, wishes an EXCHANGE—Bombay Presidency. Apply "D 46," care of this Office.

AUCTION SALE of Mr. F. A. SPENCER'S Valuable Furniture, Rose's Square Pianoforte, Garden, &c., at Land's End Road, Malabar Hill, TO-DAY, at 1 P.M.

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THE BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY.

(Compiled for despatch by the Weekly Mail to Europe.)

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COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

BOMBAY MARKET REPORT.

FRIDAY EVENING, SEPT. 28.

In the absence of anything beyond a very languid interest in other directions, Exchange has attracted most attention in commercial circles here this week, and has again been made the vehicle of considerable speculation by native operators in the bazaar; while rates, after receding about 5-16d. from those which ruled last Friday evening, rallied again, and closed at a decline of 3-16d. therefrom, both in Bank and Private Paper. A moderate export business has been done in Seeds; but an improvement has taken place in the position of Wheat; while Cotton has been quite neglected by exporters, and prices of this staple have declined almost daily, following the downward movement in New York and Liverpool, Money remains very easy, 3½ per cent. Government Paper has advanced 5/8 per cent. The Freight market, after a very quiet week, closes steady, though neither demand for tonnage, nor rates, have improved. In the continued absence of improvement in the demand from the chief consuming districts, the Import market remains very quiet; but prices for staple Goods again show no material change.

MONEY.—The figures furnished by the Presidency Bank's Statement of Affairs issued on Monday disclosed no very material change in any item excepting Private Deposits, to which there had been an addition of nearly 20 lakhs in the week under notice. A slight decrease in Loans are about counterbalanced by a small increase in Bills Discounted, so that the falling-off in trade requirements for Money, as far as the Bank was concerned, may be put down at some 30 lakhs, against a diminution of 78½ lakhs in the week preceding; the addition to the Bank's Cash Balance since then being 20½ lakhs at some 362 lakhs, the difference between this gain and that caused by the contraction of the trade demand being accounted for by a further increase in Government and other Securities held by the Bank and by a net addition to Public Deposits.

Meantime the market has remained very easy, and the minimum rate of the Bank of Bombay is still 3 per cent. per annum.

EXCHANGE.—The Banks were closed last Friday for a Parsee holiday; and on Saturday the market re-opened with a quiet feeling at 1s. 1 13-32d. for Bank Demand, and 1s. 1 3/8d. for Telegraphic, ready and forward, and at 1s. 1½d. for three months' sight Credits; and a large business was reported in Bank remittance, ready and forward, both by *bona fide* buyers and speculators; and no Merchants' Bills offering for any delivery, rates receded 1-32d., say to 1s. 1 3-8d. for Telegraphic and Demand, in both positions. On Monday the market opened week at 1s. 1 15-16d. for Bank Telegraphic and Demand, and at 1s. 1 13-32d. for three months' sight Credits, 1-32d. having been named for the former medium of remittance for forward transfer and business done thereat; but speculators coming out, and buying all they could get, caused rates again to recede to 1s. 1 ½d. for Telegraphic and Demand, at which again a good deal was done. Credits, meantime, receded to 1s. 1 3/8d. for delivery this year, and 1s. 1 13-32d. for next; but the amount reported as placed was trifling. At closing, rates were slightly steadier. A quiet feeling prevailed at opening on Tuesday at 1s. 1 ½d. for Bank Telegraphic and Demand, and at 1s. 1 11-32d. for three months' sight Credits; but buyers of Bank remittance, both speculative and legitimate, having been early on the alert to operate, rates gradually gave way. A considerable amount, however, was given ready and forward Telegraphic at from 1s. 1 ½d. to 1s. 1 7-32d.; and with Credits, as usual on such days, none were offering, and rates for Private Paper also receded 1-32d., the market closing unsettled. On Wednesday the market opened weak at 1s. 1 1-8 to 5-32d. Telegraphic and 1s. 1 3-16d. Demand, for Bank remittance, 1s. 1 9-32d. for three months' sight Credits, and forward Telegraphic for December-January transfer, at 1s. 1 3-16d., at which a considerable amount was placed, after which rates receded 1-32 to 1-16d. Later on resales being made about £600,000 being reported, rates recovered again a little and closed rather steadier. Yesterday the market opened quiet but steady at 1s. 1 1-8 for Bank Telegraphic, and 1s. 1 5-32d. Demand, nominally. Resales were again freely offered, business having been reported at 1s. 1 7-32d. and at the close further transactions were effected at 1s. 1 13-32d. Merchants' Paper was placed at 1s. 1 9-32d. for three months' sight Credits at the opening of business, and at the end of the day, 1s. 1 13-32d. for the mail was the best obtainable, a fair amount of Home Paper having been sold both for near and forward delivery and the market leaving off firm. This morning, however, the feeling was weak again at 1s 1½d. to 9-22d. for Telegraphic, and 1s. 1 9-32d. Demand; and at 1s. 1 3-8 for three months' sight Credits; but speculators again renewing their tactics to-day, and coming out as strong buyers, our market rates immediately receded to 1s. 1 7-32d. for Demand, at which buying still went on, and the Credit rate meantime fell to 1s. 1 5-16d. for this year's delivery, and 1s. 1 11-32d. for 1895, at which some Bills were placed; also private Telegraphic, at 1s. 1½d. Rates afterwards steadied a little 1s. 1 7-32d. Bank Telegraphic and 1s. 1½d. having been obtainable, and business done thereat; but on the afternoon, rates were reported easier from Calcutta, and we closed weak as per quotation at foot. The market continue to be in the hands and at the mercy of speculators who run it up and down at will, and this state of things will, we presume, continue until our *bona fide* export season sets in.

Bank Bills on Demand	.....	1s. 1 1-32d.	per rupee.
Do. Telegraphic	.....	1s. 1 3-16d.	"
Do. 3 months' sight	.....	1s. 1 ½d.	"
Do. 4 "	.....	1s. 1 9-32d.	"
Do. 6 "	.....	1s. 1 5-16d.	"
Credits 3 "	.....	1s. 1 5-16d.	"
Do. 6 "	.....	1s. 1 3-8d.	"
Documents 3 "	.....	1s. 1 11-32d.	"
Do. 6 "	.....	1s. 1 13-32d.	"
Francs 3 "	.....	140	"
Do. 6 "	.....	140½	"

GOVERNMENT PAPER.—This market re-opened after last Friday's holiday at 103 11-16 for 3½ per cents for cash; 103 5/8 for the next settlement; and 103 5-16 for the November Account; but an advance of 1/8 per cent. was established, and maintained to the close, when 103 13-16, 103⅞, and 103 7-16 were quoted in the three positions, respectively; the quotation for Fours being nominal. On Monday morning, Saturday's closing rates were quoted, and the same remained throughout the day in a quiet market, and leaving off in the same level. 103, nominal, was quoted for Fours. On Tuesday the market opened at a decline of 1-16 per cent., from the previous evening's final quotations for 3½ per Cents, say, at 103⅞ for cash, 103 11-16 for the coming settlement, and 103 3/8 for the following Account; but this slight drop was soon recovered, and rates remained firm to the close at 1 3 13-16, 103⅞, and 103 7-16 in the three positions, respectively. The previous evening's closing quotations were again quoted at opening on Wednesday, and they remained in the same level throughout the day in a steady market. Yesterday rates opened at 103 7/8 for Money and the settlement on the 1st proximo, and at 103 5/8 for the November account for 3½ per Cents; but these rates were not maintained for long, a decline of 1-16 to 1-8 per cent. having been established, at which the market closed with a quiet feeling, the cash price leaving off at 103 13-16. To-day the market has been quiet throughout, and rates closed this evening at 103 7/8, 103 7/8, and 103 7-16, in the three positions, respectively, for 3½ per Cents; 103, nominal, being quoted for Fours.

Five per cent. Municipal Loan is one per cent. lower, at 124. Port Trust Bonds have declined ¼ per cent., say to 107¾.

SHARES.—In the earlier part of the week there was a good deal doing in Cotton Press and Mill Scrip, in which a further and pretty general upward movement has taken place. Compared with our quotations of a week ago, we note this evening an advance of Rs. 100 in Lord Reay Mill shares; of Rs. 90 in Indian Manufacturing; of Rs. 80 in Hindustan, and Maneckji Petit; of Rs. 60 in Queen; of Rs. 50 each in Murarji Gokuldas, and Maneckji Petit; of Rs. 40 in City of Bombay and Brittania; of Rs. 35 each in Hyderabad, Luckmidas, Sconderdes, and Oriental; of Rs. 30 in Jubilee; of Rs. 25 each in Alliance, Bombay United, Bombay Cotton Manufacturing, and Central India; of Rs. 20 in Mahalukshmi; of Rs. 22½ in Colaba Land and Mill; of Rs. 12½ in Mazagon and Jamshed Manufacturing; and of Rs. 10 each in Sun, Star of India, and Jafferally; while Ripon declined Rs. 20; and Imperial, Rs. 5. In Press shares, Scinde and Punjab advanced Rs. 300; Volkarts, Rs. 40; Bhownugger City, Rs. 20; Brenl's Cawnpore, Rs. 25½; Colaba, Rs. 15; Albert of Karachi, Rs. 12½; Sind, Surat City, and Mercantile, Rs. 5 each; and Hingoli Rs. 3½; while Akbar, declined Rs. 50; French, Rs. 10; and English New Berar, and Prince of Wales 5 each. In Miscellaneous shares Bombay-Burma Trading are Rs. 25 lower in the first issue and Rs. 17½ higher for the new issue; Soundy and Co. have advanced Rs. 10; Kemp and Co., Rs. 7; Marcks and Co., Rs. 6; Thacker and Co., Rs. 4; Treacher and Co., Rs. 2½; and Phillips and Co., Rs. 2, at our revised quotations. Bank of Bombay shares have advanced Rs. 12½ during the week; and Bank of Bengal Rs. 35 per share.

IMPORTS.

PIECE-GOODS.—There has been no appreciable improvement during the past week in the demand for *Staple Grey Goods* for the up-country markets. Bazaar dealers are now anxious sellers, at current rates; but buyers from the districts are only operating in accordance with their present small requirements, and the volume of business passing is consequently small. We report no change whatever in the position or value of *Bleached Dyed Turkey Red, Printed* and *Locally-made Goods*. The Clearances of *Imported Goods* from the Bazaar during the week are estimated at about 3,000 packages, and of *Local* 1,500 bales.

YARNS.—A moderate business in *Imported Twist* has been reported during the week on the basis of last week's quotations, and in a quiet market. In *Bombay Spinning* the heavy fall in the price of Cotton has brought out many sellers; but the China buyers firmly refuse to operate at anything like last mail's rates; and they have taken their stand below 6 annas per lb. for average qualities of No. 20s, which is not at all acceptable to spinners. The week's Sales are put down at 1,000 bales; and the market closed, at the following official quotations.:

Twist ...	... No. 6s	Mule, As.	4¼	to 4 5/8	per lb.
" ...	... " 8s	" "	4¼	" 4½	"
" ...	... " 10s	" "	4 7/8	" 5¼	"
" ...	... " 12s	" "	5	" 5¼	"
" ...	... " 16s	" "	5 5/8	" 5½	"
" ...	... " 20s	" "	5 7/8	" 6 13-16	"
" ...	... " 24s	" "	6 3/8		"
" ...	... " 30s	" "	7	" 7¼	"
" ...	... " 40s	" "	8¼	8½	"

METALS.—There has been a moderate demand for *Copper* during the week, and the price has advanced 4 annas per cwt. in a steady market. *Yellow Metal* has been quiet at last week's rates, with only a small business passing. *Iron* is in small enquiry and quiet in tone at previous quotations. *Coal* has been a dull market, the only sale reported being that of 1,000 tons of ready *Powell's Duffryn Cardiff* at Rs. 17 to Rs. 17½ per ton. Forward sellers are asking for *Powell's Duffryn*, and *Davison's West Hartley* Rs. 17½ and Rs. 17 per ton, respectively. We quote alongside:—

Welsh Hartley	.....	Rs. 16	per ton.
West do.	.....	" 16½	"
Australian	.....	*Nil.*	"
Powell's Duffryn	.....	" 17½	"
Cardiff	.....	" 17	"
Japan	.....	*Nil.*	"

BOMBAY COTTON MILL INDUSTRY.—The interesting annual statement prepared by the Secretary, Bombay Millowners' Association, just issued to members, shows that in the Island of Bombay there were 66 Cotton Spinning and Weaving Mills working on the 30th June this year, running a total of 20,20,654 spindles, and 18,265 looms, in addition to which there were two new mills in course of erection, with an aggregate of 49,000 spindles. The total amount of paid-up capital employed in these mills was Rs. 5,42,96,514, the average daily number of hands employed, 70,553; and the total approximate quantity of Cotton consumed during the year ending on the 30th June, 3,65,328 candies of 784 lbs. or say, 28,64,17,152lbs. The progress of this Industry, in the Island of Bombay alone since 1865—a period of thirty years—is shown, by the existence of ten mills 2,49,984 spindles, and 3,378 looms in that year, compared with 69 mills, including one not working, and two in course of erection, 20,76,374 spindles, and 18,265 looms in the year under review. In other parts of this Presidency there were thirty cotton mills working on the same date, with 5,36,354 spindles, and 6,019 looms; representing a paid-up capital of Rs. 1,64,20,457 and employing a daily average of 18,762 hands. In other parts of India, outside this Presidency, there were forty-four Cotton mills working on the 30th June last.

EXPORTS.

COTTON.—There has again been no business to speak of doing in this staple by exporters, and the purchases for account of local spinners have been confined to a few hundred bales daily while the tone of the market has been quiet when not actually dull, and prices, following Liverpool and New York have further declined a rupee or two almost every day. The purchases for the week by the mills sum up about 2,500 bales of Oomra, and Dhollera-Bhownugger descriptions, Bengal and Dharwar, the shippers having bought only a few hundred bales of Dharwar, and contracted for some Bengal of the new crop, for January delivery. This evening the market closed quiet, with rates Rs. 3 to Rs. 5 lower than they were a week ago.

The recent excessive rainfall in the Bengal, Broach, and Dhollera Cotton circles generally did not appear to have done more than slight damage to the plants in many of the districts of these circles, and the telegrams received on Monday morning reported seasonable weather to be generally prevailing over the Cotton area. No further rain had fallen in these abovenamed three circles since the middle of last week; but a comparatively light fall had been registered in several districts of the Oomra circle, where it was acceptable, and the plants in this circle generally were flourishing and showing bolls.

Yesterday morning's advices by wire from the Cotton districts reported a continuance of seasonable weather generally, favoured by which the crop was making good progress in the different circles. The bolls of the plants in the Bengal circle were ripening rapidly, and, in the Cawnpore district, picking of the first sowing had partially begun. There had been no further serious rainfall over the Cotton area since Monday, except at Barsee, in the Oomra circle, where the plants were in flower, and where some two inches had been registered; and here the rain was confined to Barsee itself, the weather in the surrounding districts having been dry.

The following are to-day's quotations for full-pressed Cotton with the equivalents in sterling, cost, and freight to Liverpool, via Canal, without commission, viz.:—

Cotton—		Per lb. Per candy.—C. & F. Rs.	
Bengal Fine	"	154—2 21-32d.	
Do. F. G.	"	140—2 13-32d.	
Do. Good	"	130—2 1-16d.	
Bolatee, Fine	"	166—2 27-32d.	
Do. Fully Good	"	156—2 11-16d.	
Khandeish, Fully Good,	"	157—2 11-16d.	
Do. Good	"	147—2 9-16d.	
Oomra F. Good	"	167—2 27-32d.	
Do. Good	"	157—2 11-16d.	
Dhollera, Fine	"	189—3 1-16d.	
Do. F. G.	"	166—2 27-32d.	
Do. Good	"	158—2 11-16d.	
S G Dharwar, Good	"	163—2 27-32d.	
Westerns "	"	163—2 25-32d.	

The movements of Cotton to date show the following comparison with the previous two years:—

Receipts.	1894. Bales.	1893. Bales.	1892. Bales.
For the week	2,071	8,839	2,283
From 1st January to 27th Sept.	1,531,776	1,518,357	1,613,010
Clearances to Great Britain and Continent.			
For the week	2,153		1,496
From 1st January to 27th Sept.	772,339	751,378	851,163
Clearances to China, Calcutta, Japan, &c.			
For the week	2,173	2,155	968
From 1st January to 27th Sept.	125,767	190,632	143,691

WHEAT has remained a quiet, when not a dull market, without any increase in the small volume of export business passing, and prices of *Pessy* have receded a little, making our quotations as follows:—

White Pessy, 91 per cent.	Rs.	3	13	0 per cwt.
Do. 85 "	"	3	11	0 "
No. 1 Club Delhi	"	3	10	0 "
Red Delhi	"	3	8	0 "
Hard Yellow	"	3	10	0 "
Red Ahmedabad	"	3	7	0 "
Hard Red	"	3	6	0 "

SEEDS have been taken to a moderate extent by shippers during the week, the tone of the market having been generally steady. Some advance has taken place in the price of *Linseed*; but other descriptions have shown no movement, our closing quotations this evening being as follows:—

Linseed	Rs. 7-15-6	to Rs. 8-1-6	per cwt.	
Rapeseed, Yellow Gusarat	" 6-6

TELEGRAMS.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

THE CHINO-JAPANESE WAR.

OPINION OF THE RUSSIAN PRESS.

PARTITION OF THE CHINESE EMPIRE URGED.

ST. PETERSBURG, SEPT. 27.

The *Novoe Vremya*, in a leading article to-day, says that no European Power has greater interest than Russia in the war which has broken out between China and Japan.

The paper gravely adds that, in view of the fact that Korea is within the Russian sphere of influence, Russia alone is entitled to the weightiest voice in the settlement of the conflict.

The *Novosti* also, in a leading article to-day, urges the partition of the Chinese Empire by Russia, Great Britain, and France.

REVOLT OF THE TONG-HAKS.

LONDON, SEPT. 28.

News has been received that the Tong-Haks, a fierce and warlike tribe, in the South of Korea, have revolted against the Japanese.

RENEWED AGITATION IN ENGLAND REGARDING THE BRITISH NAVY.

LONDON, SEPT. 28.

The English press have renewed the agitation egarding the paucity of ships and sailors in the British Navy.

THE COWARDICE OF CHINESE OFFICERS. ONE EXECUTED.

SHANGHAI, SEPT. 28.

Several Chinese Naval Officers who took part in the battle of Ya-Lu have been charged by the Chinese Government with cowardice.

One has already been beheaded.

THE DUTCH IN THE EAST INDIES.

AMSTERDAM, SEPT. 28.

A telegraphic despatch received here from Batavia states that General Vetter, commanding the Dutch Expedition for punishing the Belinese for their treachery, finds great difficulty in spite of continual bombardment from the sea, in recapturing Mataram, the principal town of Lombok, and also the position at Negara.

Negotiations have consequently been opened by the Dutch with the Belinese in Lombok with a view to a settlement of the present difficulty.

The despatch adds that the inhabitants, mostly Chinese, of the Dutch settlement of Macassar, in the S. W. Peninsula of Celebes, having heard the news of the affairs of state in Lombok are showing signs of restlessness to the Dutch rule.

THE FIELD-GUNS OF THE FUTURE.

At the half-yearly meeting of the shareholders of Messrs. Sir W. G. Armstrong, Mitchell and Co., Limited, the Hydraulic Engineers and Ordnance Manufacturers, the Chairman said that the Company has solved the problem for adapting the quick-firing principle to the field-guns.

RECRUITS FOR THE BRITISH ARMY.

The recruiting for the British Army has been unusually favourable this year owing to the badness of trade.

THE INDIAN RELIEFS.

The hired transport Dilwara with drafts on board left Southampton for Bombay yesterday.

LORD CROMER.

Lord Cromer starts for Egypt to-day.

PREPARATIONS FOR A FRENCH EXPEDITION TO MADAGASCAR.

PARIS, SEPT. 27.

France is already preparing an expedition to Madagascar.

IMPORTATION OF GATLINGS BY THE HOVAS.

It is reported that the Hovas have lately imported a number of Gatlings from Great Britain and other countries in Europe.

THE EXTENSION OF TELEGRAPH LINES IN SOUTH AFRICA.

CAPE TOWN, SEPT. 27.

The telegraph lines connecting Cape Town with Blantyre have been opened for traffic.

THE MAILS.

SUEZ, SEPT. 27.

The P. and O. Company's steamer Parramatta, with the English mails of the 21st instant, left here, at 8-30 p.m., this evening.

ADEN, SEPT. 27.

The P. and O. Company's steamer Peninsular, with the homeward Indian mails of the 22nd instant, arrived here, at 2-30 p.m., to-day.

GAZETTE OF INDIA NOTIFICATIONS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, SEPT. 28.

The following Officers receive promotion :—To be Surgeon-Lieutenants—Ramsay, Sutherland, Selby, Granger, Bamfield, Moorhead, Grant, Russell, Hayward, and Moncrieff.

Leave has been granted to the following Officer:—Major-General Sir A. Palmer, for six months.

Extension of leave has been granted to the following officer :—Colonel R. Tytler, for six months.

Majors W. Nesbitt, Wroughton, and F. Humfrey have been admitted to Colonel's allowances.

Lieutenant-Colonel E. Lloyd has been permitted to retire from the service.

Colonel MacBruce, on being relieved by Surgeon-Colonel Robertson in Gilgit, will revert to military, duties.

Staff Corps Probationers Lieutenants C. Fellows South Lancashire, and A. Burton, Liverpool Regiment, have been posted to Bombay.

During the absence of Mr. Ragshawe, Conservator of Forests, Mr. Calthrope officiates.

Surgeon-Major Faulkner has been granted leave for one year.

Telegraphs—Mr. Styan reverts to his former post in Burma and receives promotion.

The following Officers of the State Railways Revenue Establishment and Accounts branch receive promotion :—Messrs. Hyde, Phillips, Harnett, Becher, Stuart, Hubbard, Dennys, Heaven, Hickie, Neuville, and Ryan.

Mr. R. Campbell, Executive Engineer, has been permitted to retire from the service.

Dr. Luard has been appointed Agency Surgeon at Gilgit.

THE MERCHANT SHIPPING ACT.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, SEPT. 28.

A Select Committee on the Indian Merchant Shipping Bill will shortly be appointed to review the criticisms of the Local Governments. The Committee will meet in Calcutta in the beginning of the winter Legislative session of his Excellency the Viceroy's Council.

ANOTHER WAZIRI RAID.

Another petty raid by the Waziris is reported. A small party attacked a Powinda camp near Kajuri-Kach, and drove off a flock of sheep. A detachment of the Punjab Infantry pursued and overtook them, wounding two men, one of whom was taken prisoner yesterday.

ARMY RE-ORGANISATION.

It is understood that the staff of the Punjab and Bengal Armies, under the re-organisation scheme, will be practically settled before the Government of India leave Simla.

THE MAHARAJAH OF KOLHAPUR IN POONA.

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, SEPT. 28.

The Maharaja Shahu Chhatrapati of Kolhapur visited the Poona Native Institution this afternoon. The reception was hearty and enthusiastic. The Maharaja was accompanied by the Chief of Kagal, Sirdars Ghatge, Mhisaikar, and other Mankaries. The chairman garlanded the Maharaja. Professor Kathavate thanked the Maharaja in a short but impressive speech for his kind visit and princely recognition of the disinterested efforts of the Association. His Highness expressed great satisfaction. The Honourable Sirdar Pansee proposed three cheers, which were heartily responded to. The Maharaja received a deputation from the Night Club at his residence this noon, and was pleased.

THE PARSEE-PRESIDENCY MATCH.

VICTORY FOR THE PRESIDENCY.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, SEPT. 28.

As if relenting for previous vagaries the weather behaved itself well to-day. No rain fell to interrupt the progress of the game. Play was resumed at 11-30 a.m., before the presence of a very large crowd, among whom there were the two Presidency Governors. The Parsees continued their innings on a good soft wicket. Gagrat had again a very large share of luck, being missed after making 30 runs; he was given a second life by John missing a hard catch at point. This was very hard lines on Sinclair, who on both occasions suffered for the mistakes of the field; but at last he captured the wicket his Gagrat, who scored 44. The last part of his contribution was a good display of free cricket, his driving on the off-side was particularly good. Raja was the only other batsman who made anything like a stand against the bowling of the Presidency. He played correctly and patiently with a good knowledge of the game. He played rather well, showing more strokes than Gagrat, and carried his bat for 42. His play was blemished only by one very hard chance after making 13. Mody was the third man who got into double figures by free hitting and little defensive ability. The Parsees just managed to save a follow-on, which would not have been the case had the Presidency fielding been what it should be, no less than four easy catches being missed at most critical stages of the game. Another cause which helped the Parsees to avert the disgrace of an innings defeat was the misjudgment of Trask in putting on Jardine to bowl instead of Poore, when Sinclair was knocked over by the sun. The Parsee innings closed at luncheon hour for 153 runs, and it seemed impossible to make anything but to draw the match; but when the Presidency opened their second innings, Greig and Jardine forced the game at such a great rate that the captain found it possible to apply the closure at 4 o'clock when 85 runs were scored at the loss of only one wicket. This put the Presidency 147 runs to the good. The Parsees had an hour and-a-quarter to play; the wicket was good but slow, and with their style of batting a draw was looked upon as inevitable. Spencer, with a sporting spirit, sent his men in with orders to force the game which most of them obeyed, and Raikes was equal to the occasion and bowled with splendid success. At 5-30, the hour agreed upon to draw the stumps nine wickets had fallen for 60 runs. The Parsee generously extended the time. The Presidency team won a great victory by 87 runs, Raikes secured a phenomenal analysis of bowling. The fielding of the Presidency was without fault, Sprott kept the wicket throughout the match in first-class style. Raikes was carried off the ground by his team. Both the teams and the two Governors were photographed by Hammes, of Poona.

THE PRESIDENCY.

1st Innings.		2nd Innings.	
J G Greig, b Mistry	8	not out	33
Surge-Capt J E Trask, b Raja	51	c Kanga, b Mistry	3
Mr M R Jardine, run out	16	c Mistry, b Writer	36
Capt R M Poore, c Spencer, b Writer	57	not out	12
C C Luard, c and b Mistry	18	did not bat.	
E Sauloz, b Mistry	0		
H C John, c Spencer, b Mistry	8		
R L Sinclair, b-w Mistry	14		
E B Raikes, not out	8		
Extras	14	Extras	1
Total	215	Total	85

BOWLING ANALYSES.

	1st Innings.				2nd Innings.			
	R.	R.	M.	W.	R.	R.	M.	W.
Writer	175	71	12	1	75	22	4	
Kanga	55	25	1	0	10	13	0	
Mistry	41	6	7	7	51	33	2	
Jardine	30	18	3	0				
Raja	45	17	1	1				
Macaliwala	..	..	..	..	15	14	0	

PARSEES.

1st Innings.		2nd Innings.	
Merwan Kanga, b Raikes	3	c Greig, b Raikes	2
Dorab Mody, c Luard, b Sinclair	19	not out	0
Gagrat, c Raikes, b Sinclair	44	c Greig, b Raikes	12
D Kanga, c Sprott, b Sinclair	5	c Jardine, b Raikes	3
Mahliwalla, b Sinclair	5	st Sprott, b Raikes	14
Daruwalla, st Sprott, b Raikes	0	b-w Raikes	0
Raja, not out	42	b Raikes	3
Mistry, b-w, b John	6	c Sauloz, b John	0
Writer, c Smith, b John	0	b Raikes	0
Ru-tom Mody, c Sauloz, b Poore	15	b Raikes	3
Spencer, st Sprott, b Poore	9	b John	13
Extras	5	Extras	2
Total	153	Total	69

	1st Innings.				2nd Innings.			
	R.	R.	M.	W.	R.	R.	M.	W.
Raikes	175	53	11	2	75	22	6	8
Poore	21	12	0	2	45	29	1	0
John	83	35	6	2	30	7	2	2
Sinclair	135	41	10	4				
Jardine	10	4	0	0				

Bowled two no-balls.

THE TRIAL OF THE POONA RIOTERS.

The trial of the thirteen Hindus implicated in the recent Poona riots began to-day, at the Faraskhana, before Mr. A. Lowndes, City Magistrate. Mr. Lowndes, of the Bombay bar, conducted the prosecution, assisted by Mr. Venkatrao Ramchunder. Major Macpherson, District Superintendent of Police, was also present. The magistrate intimated that several other cases, which has been sent up by the police, would be dealt with separately. These included charges against Tata Saheb Natu, Bhau Ranjan, and two others. Several of the police who were in the fray were examined at length by Mr. Lowndes; their evidence all bearing on the prisoners whom they identified as having arrested in the mosque or the mosque compound. When the case was adjourned to Monday, Mr. Gadgil asked that the prisoners might be admitted to bail as nothing more than being members of an unlawful assembly had been proved against them. The magistrate deplored the sad affair, but said that from his personal knowledge of the riots he regretted he could not accede to the request.

BOMBAY ARMY ORDERS.

H. E. the Commander-in-Chief has been pleased to make the following appointments.

1st Bombay Grenadiers—Captain Montgomery, Wing Commander, (officiating 2nd-in-Command) to be 2nd-in-Command, sub pro-tem with effect from the 16th September, 1894, vice Captain Swan, seconded.

5th Bombay Infantry—Lieutenant Berthon, to be Wing Officer, vice Lieutenant Windham, seconded.

13th Bombay Infantry—Lieutenant Macnamara, Wing Officer, 27th Bombay Infantry, is transferred in the same capacity, vice Lieutenant Henderson, seconded.

14th Bombay Infantry—Lieutenant Sargent, Staff Corps, officiating Wing Officer, to be Wing Officer, vice Lieutenant Harrington, seconded.

25th Bombay Rifles—Lieutenant Prevost, to be Wing Officer, vice Lieutenant Clery, seconded.

27th Bombay Infantry—Lieutenant Peck, Wing Officer, 30th Bombay Infantry, is transferred in the same capacity, vice Lieutenant Macnamara, transferred to the 13th Bombay Infantry.

It is notified that the undermentioned Officers are seconded in their regiments :—Lieutenant Harrington, Staff Corps (acting 6th Assistant Political Resident, Aden) Wing Officer, 14th Bombay Infantry, on 29th December, 1894; Lieutenant Windham, Staff Corps (Boundary Settlement Officer, Bhopal), 5th Bombay Infantry, on 7th July, 1894; Lieutenant Pottinger, Staff Corps (acting 2nd-in-Command, Savantvadi Local Corps, *ex officio* assistant to the Political Superintendent, Savantvadi), Wing Officer, 19th Bombay Infantry, on 22nd July, 1894.

Lieutenant Clery, Wing Officer, 25th Bombay Rifles, Assistant Commandant, Burma Military Police, is seconded in his regiment, for one year.

Surgeon-Major Maunsell, Army Medical Staff, is transferred from general duty, Sind District, to the medical charge, Station Hospital, Aden, vice Surgeon Major Flanagan, time expired.

Surgeon-Major Maconachie, Army Medical Staff, is transferred from general duty, Mhow District, to general duty, Aden District.

The undermentioned Officers have been granted leave of absence :—

7th Hussars—2nd-Lieutenants Vaughan and Wormald, to England, for one year, on private affairs.

3rd Bombay Cavalry—Captain Edwards, in India (Simla), from 29th September to 1st November, 1894, on private affairs.

A MEETING AT MORADABAD.

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT.)

MORADABAD, SEPT. 28.

The Hon'ble Raja Rampalsing Pundit Madanmohan Maliviya addressed a representative public meeting held here last evening on the subject of the re-formed Legislative Councils and Simultaneous Examinations for Civil Service. Resolutions were passed protesting against the despatch of the Secretary of State and urging the holding of Simultaneous Examinations.

THERMOMETER READINGS.

THURSDAY NIGHT, SEPTEMBER 27.

10 p.m. ... 76·9

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 28.

6 a.m. ... 77·1
10 a.m. ... 81·7
2 p.m. ... 81·8
4 p.m. ... 82·5

DR. COOKE, of Brunswick Square, London, writing in the *Lancet*, makes a series of most damaging charges against the present system of medical education. By way of strengthening his own case he quotes the words of Dr. William Bruce, the Scottish representative on the General Medical Council. "I unhesitatingly affirm," writes Dr. Bruce, "that men are now being turned out as qualified who are not safe to be trusted with the lives of their patients. Men pass and pose as doctors who are not in the true sense fit to appear on the register of duly qualified medical practitioners, and who, as such, are nothing more nor less than frauds upon the public."

WOMEN'S AFFAIRS.

(FROM OUR LADY CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, SEPT. 7.

THERE is a theory current amongst us that every year there is a given supply of sun and rain distributed—that the arrears of winter snow fall in spring, that the overdue gales of March are paid in May, and that the balance of summer sunshine, unspent in June, July, and August, is honestly refunded in September or October. I do not know whether there are any well-authenticated facts to support this theory. Certainly, one sees accounts of the average inches of rainfall, but of sunshine there are only vague statistics. Sunrays are less calculable than showers. They cannot be measured by the inch or by the pint, or reckoned by an average of scorched complexions of freckled foreheads. So our theory, however fallacious, remains unrefuted, and we go on from year to year optimistically looking for a summer to come, no matter how long delayed.

***

Now, in September, Autumn fashions are appearing slowly, owing to the fact that we have only just begun to enjoy our long-postponed summer. In the hope of prolonging it, we cling to our drill frocks and *chiffon* blouses, and obstinately refuse to recognize that the time is at hand when we must be thinking of tweeds, furs, and ulsters. To break us in to the inevitable change from light to heavy costumes, there are now to be had pretty varieties of mohair and alpaca in all the most becoming tints—green, fawn, havannah, bronze, heliotrope, and blue. The figured mohairs make dressy gowns, but the plain ones are in better taste for constant wear, or for travelling.

***

Another novelty for dresses is a material of soft texture and quiet colouring patterned with small specks or lines of a contrasting colour, usually silk. It is made in almost every tone and tint—coral-red on grey, blue on bronze, amber on heliotrope or brown, and is very dressy and effective. With such stuffs very little trimming is required. Usually it consists of watered silk or satin shoulder *revers* and ribbon sash, or if the figure is slight, of a short rippling basque put on to the bodice with a ribbon band and bow.

***

Black and white is still very much in favour, especially when the material is rich soft silk trimmed with ivory-tinted lace. Black is the basis of the smartest gowns—a striking contrast being effected by introducing a brilliant pink or blue under the black lace trimmings. White or black lace overskirts are also draped over coloured silk very effectively, the bodice being carried out in the same style, either as a lace blouse over a tight-fitting silk foundation, the sleeves being veiled in the same way, or the lace may be put over the coloured silk bodice in a zouave jacket shape with undulating revers on the shoulders; or it may be put on in corset shape in a fashionably cut bodice, the trimming is a matter of taste to be decided according to the wearer's figure.

***

A very pretty costume is made of shot pink and reseda green silk just long enough to touch the ground, but not to trail. The bell skirt has three tiny flounces of the silk, above which is a band of Irish point lace of a bold striking pattern on a foundation of green ruby shot velvet. Over the bodice, which is made of shot velvet, is a jacket of the Irish lace, which opens in front to show the velvet. The sleeves which are made of the reseda and pink shot silk, are very large *Gigot* shape with a dainty lace cuff, lined with the same velvet as the bodice.

***

Another pretty dress is made of poppy-coloured *foulard* with black spots, the skirt which just clears the ground being trimmed with two ruchings of poppy silk edged with black lace. Black tulle epaulettes, with butter-coloured guipure are arranged over the broad poppy sleeves, so that they form a thick high ruching on the shoulders, and fall half-way to the elbow. The bodice, which is made like a blouse in front fastens behind, and is finished at the waist with a black *moire* sash and bels. With this costume is worn a round black hat ornamented with black ostrich feathers and *ailes* of lace.

***

Chiffon is still the favourite trimming for evening dresses. Put on in rippling frills around the throat it is marvellously furnishing to figures which are inclined to show the angles. On a low cut bodice it looks well put on in a full six-inch *frill*. I saw a pretty turquoise silk dress, quite renewed in appearance by the addition of deep frills on the neck and sleeves, and a flounce at the base of the bell skirt which was beginning to show traces of overwork. Black chiffon trimmings and draperies are also much favoured; but with black it is essential that the under silk should be a brilliant colour, or the chiffon will look rusty and mournful.

***

Golf capes with hoods plaid lined or with shoulder capes are immensely popular. Not alone with golf players. Everyone recognizes the points of a garment that can be put on and taken oT or kept half on and half off without trouble. It is invaluable on tour, at the sea, or on London 'bus top. So it would be no wonder if we adopted it permanently for a uniform as in Paris where *gendarmes*, soldiers schoolboys, everyone on the slightest provocation of wind or weather finds shelter for their most vulnerable parts under cape and cowl. For wet weather, a convenient light cape is made which is thoroughly waterproof. It is lined with plaid silk and is pretty as well as serviceable.

***

Black alpaca is retaining its hold on the public fancy in spite of it severe lines and general inartisticness. It makes such a capital walking dress for uncertain weather, it is so serviceable for travelling, and it is, for everyday wear, inexpensive, unpretending, and ladylike. But it must be well made, or it is odious. I saw a nice useful dress made of black alpaca. The skirt was bell-shaped and untrimmed, except for a few rows of machine stitching round the casing. A second skirt or deep basque open in front, and with a great deal of fulness behind, was joined by a belt of broad military braid to the back of the short bodice, which was made with large revers like an Eton jacket to show a white *pique* waistcoat. The *revers* and cuffs were faced with black watered silk and edged with an inch wide black military braid—the costume being completed with a neat shirt front and mauve silk scarf, and a pure white straw hat with a tinted crown and a black ribbon band.

***

Ladies' knickerbocker cycling suits are appearing everywhere in spite of the vigorous protests of Mrs. Grundy and her conservative supporters. If women will cycle—and who having once tasted the joy of a rush at whirlwind speed through space would relinquish it for anything else the prudish world might say—they should be encouraged to wear safe costume, not to run the risk of hurt or mutilation by wearing petticoats that at any moment may tangle in the pedals and cause an accident. I saw a young lady picked up with her gown torn to rags from entangling round and round the machinery. It was in a quiet place, where appearances did not matter. But to my mind decency would have been better maintained if she had gone home undamaged in a bifurcated garment.

***

A propos of the interchange of masculine and feminine costume, *Woman*, talking of the strange case of M. Laure Bernard, who was brought up as a woman until he came to man's state, tells an equally remarkable instance of the same kind that occurred amongst our own people. A certain Anglo-Indian officer had a very handsome "daughter," whose prowess on horseback and in the tennis court was as remarkable as her indifference to the addresses of her many soldier and civilian admirers at her father's station in India. At the age of eighteen—barely two years ago—it was found that a serious mistake had been made—and that *Miss Dash* was really *Mr. Dash*. The father, who had longed in vain for a son, was overjoyed. The young man came home to England to buy some more suitable clothing than blouses, skirts, and open-work stockings, returned to India, and shortly afterwards married a girl with whom in his feminine character he had formed a great friendship. The truth of this story, according to *Woman*, can be vouched for by many people.

***

The Healthy and Artistic Dress Union, which counts amongst its supporters the æsthetic Mr. Henry Halliday, and the talented and practical Dr. Sophie Bryant, besides a host of other sensible and thoughtful people, has suggested a new style of evening dress for gentlemen. It consists of silk stockings and knee-breeches with a swallow tail coat and vest made of velvet. The facings of the coat are silk, and a soft silk shirt and collar is also part of the costume. People object to the soft collar on the plea that men have not pretty throats. But it would be a very ill-favoured neck indeed that would not be pleasanter to look at uncovered, than as now, enveloped in a hideous cut-throat linen cylinder. Or at worst, could not men be allowed the luxury of the frill of lace or *chiffon*, in common use in old days, and still worn with court dress.

***

Boston youth are, it is reported, in revolt against the custom of presenting engagement rings. It appears that an engagement ring given in the "Hub" is given for good or evil, as the case may be. It is not, as at home here, considered essential to return it if the match is broken off. So the pleasant practice has arisen amongst fascinating maidens of making collections of engagement rings—trophies of victory as cruelly won as the scalps of the Red Indian—for each ring may represent a broken human heart.

***

Here is *Truth's* Riddle Catechism up-to-date :

When is a child not a child? Now.
When is a woman not a woman? Now.
When is a lady not a lady Now.
When is society not society? Now.
When is a sovereign not sovereing? Now
When is a servant not a servent? Now.
When is art not art? Now.
When is everything nothing? Now.

TABLE TALK.

[BY WALTER BESANT.]

LONDON, SEPT. 7.

ALL yesterday it blew a gale from the east, with flying showers. Those who bathed had to look for a sheltered spot in the rocks and found the water very wet—everybody knows what that means. In the evening the wind abated and there were glimpses of sunshine. At night the rain came down. It rained with amazing zeal, just as if there had not been a single drop of rain upon the long-suffering, saturated hills for a month at least. Sheet lightning flamed up in the north, with distant grumblings of thunder. As the holiday company got up one by one and sought their candlesticks, sarcastic remarks were made concerning climate, and especially a British summer and a British August. To-day the wind has fallen almost to a calm—what remains is westerly; in the early morning there are heavy clouds rolling slowly over the sky. Will it rain? There is doubt; there is hesitation; then the clouds disappear. Lo! the sunshine is lying over hill and rock and land and sea. Let us arise and essay the path—the Path Perilous—round the Promontory. It runs out, hill beyond hill, above; and down below, rock after rock, bay after bay. There is an infinite variety of rock; sometimes it sticks out jagged teeth, eager to devour; sometimes there are flat surfaces just above the water fringed with white, as the sluggish rollers rise and fall languidly around them; sometimes straight precipices to the sea; sometimes slopes of grass above and slopes of grass below—giant steps until they reach the sea. The rocks are grey in sunlight—black in shadow. Between the reefs are tiny little bays with caves, boulders, and sand, one after the other, each one differing from his neighbour, and each strangely, passing, beautiful. The Path Perilous is a foot broad; it runs round the lower slopes; sometimes it runs, or creeps, on the very edge of the precipice; oftener there is a grassy breadth on the side of the cliff; the wider that breadth the more assured is the step of the pilgrim. The sea lies outstretched, smooth, clear, blue, beneath the clear blue sky; there is only one vessel visible upon it, a small ship under full sail, painted white, a dazzling object half-way between cliff and horizon. The hillside is covered with heath and heather, the former a little past its best, the latter glorious to look upon; there is a fragrance, faint and sweet, from its blossoms. In the soft, short turf there are not many other flowers; a square of ragwort, bright and gaudy, makes here and there a patch of colour; the little scarlet pimpernal that we love puts forth its pretty blossom, and here is the tormentil, and here a few ferns, kept low and small by the wind, under the lee of a rock. Let us leave the path Perilous; let us climb the hill and wander along the top, and look out across the sea. How silent it is! There is no sign of man, no sound of man, the white ship is out of sight, the sea is deserted. Overhead hovers a kestrel, every now and then swooping down after something. Silence, solitude, sunshine, fragrance of wild flowers, blue sky and blue sea. Let us stay awhile, Companion; life has few such moments as this. Earth has few such spots as this; let us rest in silence for a space, if only to paint this place, with its silence and its rest, upon the chambers of imagery which we call our memory.

"So far," said the Coach to the candidate for the army, "your look out is poor. You say you can ride. Riding is a very useful thing—sometimes necessary—for a soldier, therefore it is not a subject of examination. You can shoot. Shooting is a most useful branch of knowledge from a military point of view, therefore it is not a subject of examination. You are strong, well set up, clean-limbed, able to endure fatigue, and sharp-eyed. All these qualities are useful in a soldier, therefore they are not asked for by the Commissioners. You can fence. Fencing is most useful, therefore, it is not a subject for examination. Of Latin you know next to nothing; that is bad for you. It is true that it would not help the country if all its soldiers could write Latin. But it is a subject for examination. How about your French?" "There," said the candidate, "I shall score, because I talk French fluently and understand it perfectly. I lived for some years in Tours in a French family." "Dear, dear!" sighed the Coach. "This is very sad. Foreign French! Foreign French! Do you suppose, Sir, that the examiners want foreign French? Why, every man who can speak—really speak—and understand—foreign language becomes invaluable on a campaign in a country of that language. That is the reason why the Commissioners will have none of it. No, Sir; what they want is Public School French, which means exercises and syntax. For colloquial French they give only 200 marks out of 2,000. Of course, the man who can speak French fluently can also read and write French fluently. But the Commissioners don't know that. And between ourselves, my young friend, whether he knows the right use of the past participle or not, that man can write so as to be understood." You are the man who would have to interpret—to question—to collect information. The man who only knows Public School French is no good at all in this capacity. Therefore the Commissioners refuse to give you more than 200 marks out of 2,000 for your proficiency in speaking. I will do my best for you, but do not be sanguine. Foreign French! Real French! Dear me; as if they wanted that! Why it's positively useful in soldiering."

Thanks to correspondents whose letters have reached me in somewhat belated fashion. I own to being corrected as to the story of the burning of novels in New Zealand. It was not in the "city" of Otago that this burnt offering was conducted, because Otago is not a city, but a district. It was in a town in Otago, so I am told, and as I have no map of New Zealand handy I accept the correction. As to the lines whose authorship we asked, I am told that they first appeared in the *Spectator* in or about the year 1875; that they were written by Mr. F. W. Bourdillon, then an undergraduate at Oxford; and that versions of the same lines appeared in following numbers of the paper written in many languages. There remains unanswered the statement that those lines are the most widely known and the most frequently quoted of any modern verses in America. Thirdly, in answer to several inquiries as to the endowment of the daughter by the deferred annuity method, I beg to refer my friends to the Post Office Directory, which contains all the data for working out the expense for any child. I am gratified to find that the subject seems likely to be taken up. I beg most earnestly all women who have daughters to make, if possible, some provision, however small, for them in this way, which is at once the cheapest and the most secure. If the cost seems great, let them remember that it may be so spread over several years as to assume less formidable proportions; and that the sacrifice demanded will be far more than repaid when the time comes for the girls to be cast upon the world. Save your daughters—save your daughters—O my sisters, from the helplessness, and the humiliations, and the sufferings of poverty absolute!

Lastly, a correspondent writes about the Tauchnitz books. "What," he says, "would you think of a Free Library—rate supported—placing Tauchnitz books on its shelves?" Well; it is exactly the same as if there was a Government department formed for the purpose of selling smuggled brandy. Yet this is actually done. He tells me that on the shelves of the Brompton Library in the Old Brompton-road—a rate supported Library—there is a copy of "Gordon's Journal," a copy of the Tauchnitz Edition in two volumes, strongly bound, and issued to those who apply for it! I give the name of the Library as my correspondent gives it to me. If the Librarian should see this communication I hope he will ask himself what is meant by Literary Property, and why his Committee sanction such an infraction of Law in relation to Literary Property which they could never think of allowing in other kinds of Property.

"The hand that you cannot bite—kiss it. Pray, meantime, that it may be broken."

"He who wants the dog says to him, 'Good morning. O my uncle!'"

"I have not seen. I have not heard. I do not know."

"Lying is the salt of men; shameful only to him who believes."

"When you strike—kill. When you feed—fill."

These are proverbs in daily use, and current among a certain people. Proverbs indicate the race. If you consider them you presently begin to understand the character of that people. They have evidently been conquered; the proverbs indicate habitual fear and the uselessness of resistance; the people live under a conquering race; they have some form of despotism for a government. The attainment of justice is difficult, and depends upon the caprice, or the good temper, or the private interests of the magistrate. One recognizes a confession of feebleness. There is the cowardice that falls upon a race after centuries of oppression; the belief that successful deception is the best way; the loss of self-respect which accompanies the creeping life. I do not know how this people can be better described than by quoting these proverbs, which I found among a collection made, I think, by the late Sir Richard Burton. They are the proverbs of the modern Syrians, who have been under one yoke after the other for thirty generations, at least.

Of Pretenders there have been many. History is full of them. There is the man I once met in Northumberland, who pretended to be James Payn, the novelist, and spoke beautifully about the Republic of Letters. There is the woman who travelled through America as "Ouida." There is the man who calls himself Lord This or That—a pretence no longer so common because a Book of the Peerage is in every public library. There is the man who pretends to be rich and the widow who goes about with a similar pretence. There is Katharine the Shrew who pretends to be sweet tempered. Pretenders of all kinds abound, but the most remarkable Pretender I ever met was the man who pretended to be a certain most distinguished criminal and fugitive from justice. It happened some fifteen or twenty years ago. The criminal—he was a gentleman by birth, with a name euphonious—Douglas Inverary, something of that kind—had ruined thousands. I believe the police wanted him; he had fled; like De Quincy's hero, he was *non est inventus*; no one knew where he was. Now in the very height of the interest and talk about this fugitive and his deeds, I found myself staying at the quiet inn of a very quiet seaside place. In the evening I sat in the bar parlour, engaged in the usual occupation at that hour. Presently there glided into the room a tall, lean figure. He looked in, scrutinised me suspiciously, craned his neck stealthily into the bar, where there were a few countrymen, took a chair, seized the paper, and, ostentatiously holding it between his own face and mine, he hastily scanned it column by column. At one point he burst into a single laugh—a bark of derision rather than of mirth—and, pressing his nail into the paper, as I afterwards found, rose, and, after another anxious glance at the bar, he disappeared. He had conveyed the impression which he desired. He was a hunted man. I picked up the paper and found the mark he had left in the column. The indentation of his finger nail was against a paragraph on the personal appearance of the famous Douglas Inverary: "Easy to be recognised; sure to be caught. Tall, thin, fine features, grey-headed, about sixty-two years of age. Believed to be in Spain." In Spain? Why—. Tall?—thin?—fine? I rang the bell and ordered something. "And who," I asked, "is that strange person who crept in here as if he was in hiding?" "Father says it is none of our business," the girl replied, colouring. Perhaps not; but I made up my mind on the spot. I became a detective. I was on the watch. Next day I met my friend walking rapidly along the wild and unfrequented cliff path. As we passed, he pretended, or endeavoured, to hide his face with his hat. Rather foolish of Douglas Inverary, I thought, because I had already seen his face. In the evening he came again to the bar parlour, and went through much the same business of the hunted man and the fugitive. Presently another man sauntered into the room and sat down by the door. Mr. Douglas Inverary tried to hide his face with the paper, and in some confusion, I thought, rose to go. The new-comer opened the door to him, and grinned. Why did he grin? Presently he began to talk. "I told them," he said after a preamble, "that it was all nonsense. The man is no more Douglas Inverary than you are." "Well," I replied, "why does he . . ." "There isn't a trick, nor a dodge, nor a lie that you could put a name to," replied my friend, "but somebody will take and do it. Why does this old gentleman pretend to be Douglas Inverary? Lord knows! What good will it do him to be taken for Douglas Inverary? Lord knows! That's his lay. Friend of Douglas, perhaps? Not a bit. This old gentleman is a hosier in Cheapside. I know his face." So he was pretending to be a famous criminal. Why? Well—I suppose—in order to be gazed upon, and to attract attention. In his own quiet line of business notoriety is difficult. He wished to enjoy, just for once, the feeling of richly merited distinction, and I am sure he enjoyed, enormously, the dramatic part of it—the "business" with the paper, my own furtive glance of detection, the whispers of the landlord, and the arrival of the detective. In the morning, I remember, he was gone.

THE GODHRA-RUTLAM RAILWAY.

REFERENCE has been made in these columns, from time to time, concerning the construction of the above railway line, but now that it is practically completed, and will shortly be opened for public traffic, a useful purpose will be served in briefly reviewing its history and pointing out its importance as a further link in the through broad-gauge communication with the North-West Provinces. As far back as the year 1853, when railway enterprise in this country was in its infancy, investigations were made as to the best route between Bombay and the North of India, and the natural route that suggested itself was through the valley of the Mhye. Nothing appears to have been done beyond carrying out the surveys, but in the last years of the East India Company, and especially during the vigorous Government of Lord Dalhousie, the construction of means of communication received a great impetus, and the foundation of the existing system of railway was laid. The intention to connect Bombay with the North of India was first put into effect by the construction, in the first instance, of the line from Bombay to Surat and Ahmedabad, and later on by the laying down of the metre gauge line, which now traverses Rajputana and Central India, and which has admirably served to tap the rich wheat and seed-growing districts of the North, besides developing to a very satisfactory extent the local resources. The traffic brought down by this line for export to Europe is annually on the increase. Indeed, at times of pressure its carrying capacity was taxed to the utmost, and the necessity for having an alternative route was fully demonstrated. The B. B. and C. I. Railway authorities had all along been desirous of extending their system into Central India and when Colonel Bisset, the late Agent of the Company, assumed office he lost no time in reiterating the need for connecting Guzerat with Central India and strongly urged the advantages of running the line through Jhalrapatan, Kotah, and onwards to Delhi, thereby affording an alternative route without a break of gauge, and opening out new and undeniably fertile districts. Added to this, it was shown conclusively that if a railway were constructed from Godhra to Rutlam there would be a large saving to the country from a commercial point of view, as a large quantity of traffic between Kathiawar, Guzerat, and Malwa had to take the circuitous railway route, via Ajmera. The Chamber of Commerce fully concurred in the advantages of the proposed line, and, thanks to their persistent advocacy and the support of the Bombay Government, the Government of India were at last brought to look upon the project with favour—though at one time it appeared as if the construction of the Indian Midland Railway had caused the Godhra-Rutlam Railway project to be permanently laid aside.

It will be remembered that in his address to the Chamber of Commerce, on the 11th April, 1889, Lord Reay said that the Godhra-Rutlam Railway "had always been heartily supported by the Bombay Government who would not rest until that important link in the railway system was constructed." At that time several surveys of the route had been already carried out, notably, the survey in 1887 by Mr. W. H. Parker, one of the Government engineers, who had been specially deputed for the purpose; this was finally revised by the Company's engineers in the year 1890, and a satisfactory alignment with a ruling grade of 1 in 200 secured. The estimates for the whole line, about a hundred and fifteen miles, amounted to Rs. 1,48,00,000, or, Rs. 1,28,000

NEWS OF THE DAY.

THE Beder camp-of-exercise in the Secunderabad district will begin about December 1. There will probably be six regiments of cavalry with a strong force of artillery and infantry present.

THE Madras Government has directed that the present arrival reports from vessels arriving in the road be discontinued and that a book be kept by the Marine Department which should be sent to commanders of vessels arriving for the entry of the necessary information.

SURGEON-MAJOR TREHERNE, Surgeon to the Commander-in-Chief, takes five months' general leave, accompanying Lady White on the voyage to England next month.

THE East Indian Railway earnings, for the week ended 15th September, were Rs. 9,09,786. Corresponding week last year, Rs. 7,50,152. Increase, Rs. 1,59,634. Miles open, week ended 15th September, 1894, 1,659. Corresponding week last year, 1,610¾. Increase, 48¼. Per mile open, week ended 15th September, 1894, Rs. 548. Corresponding week last year, Rs. 466. Increase, Rs. 82. Earnings from 1st July, 1894, to 15th September, 1894, Rs. 91,90,320. From 1st July, 1893, to 15th September, 1893, Rs. 86,97,601. Increase, Rs. 4,92,719.

THE name of the man who led the pro-Russian party in Bulgaria after the kidnapping of Prince Alexander is Zankoff not Rankoff. His advent at the head of a band of Russian mercenaries in the newly-elected Bulgarian Assembly bodes no good to the peace of the Principality; and trouble in Bulgaria means unrest throughout South Eastern Europe. M. Stambuloff was something of a despot as Prime Minister of Bulgaria, but it was a despotic instinct with patriotic spirit, the main object of which was to teach the Bulgarians to keep to themselves and to manage their own affairs. Europe cannot but regret the ostracism of a statesman who kept the Balkan question out of the range of "high politics" for six years.

A PARIS correspondent writes:—The Carnavalet Museum has bought the papers of Palloy, the self-called patriot contractor and the Haussmann of the French Revolution. He obtained the contract to demolish the Bastille and cart away the material, and made a good thing out of it. He built, with the stones, the bridge over the Seine at the Place de la Concorde, the guard-house of the theatre on the Boulevard du Temple, and the house at the corner of the Boulevard Poissonnière and the Rue Saint Fiacre. He employed a thousand workmen in demolishing the old prison fortress. The blocks of stone he was unable to use as a builder were turned to account in the carving out of the models of the Bastille, which he got the Government of the Republic to buy and send to the chief towns of the newly-made departments as patriotic gifts. He thus cleared a net profit of nearly four thousand pounds. With the broken up mortar and other rubbish he made a concrete out of which small Bastilles, which tiriots eagerly bought, were moulded. The sum he received for demolishing and carting off the Bastille was forty thousand pounds—an immense sum in his time.

AFTER much discussion, writes an up-country paper, it has been decided that veterinary officers will be appointed to Volunteer corps on the recommendation of the Commanding Officer submitted through the prescribed channel. They will have the substantive ranks of Veterinary Major, Veterinary Captain, and Veterinary Lieutenant. First appointments, except in the case of officers of the Army Veterinary Department or Indian Veterinary Department, will be made in the rank of Veterinary Lieutenant. Officers of Army Veterinary Department or Indian Veterinary Department appointed will, however, retain their army rank, and will be promoted in the Volunteer force when promoted in the army. Veterinary officers of Volunteers, other than those belonging to the army, will be promoted after the following periods of service as Volunteer veterinary officers, if recommended by commanding officers:—(1) Veterinary Lieutenant, after fifteen years' service to the rank of Veterinary Captain. (2) Veterinary Captain, after twenty years' service to the rank of Veterinary Major.

NOT a few among his former students who are now scattered over India will read with genuine regret in the mail papers of the death of Professor [illegible] who has occupied the chair of [illegible] in Glasgow University, [illegible] who taught logic [illegible] according to Hegel; [illegible] Watch himself was [illegible] Hamilton, [illegible] made things in heaven [illegible] to comprehension. For a [illegible] years Professor [illegible] of Balliol lectured on [illegible] to crowded [illegible] in the steep [illegible] that the new philosophy was three parts verbiage; but he was a peaceable man and avoided his neighbour's territory as much as possible. Yet never perhaps in any University were two more opposite systems taught. Veitch's lectures on rhetoric were more interesting than his logic. He was a great—perhaps the greatest living—authority on Scottish ballad poetry, and no one who saw him could ever forget how his eye kindled and his voice took a fuller and mellower tone as he drew his gown closer around him and began the declamation of the famous "Ballad of Sir Patrick Spens," which was always one of the episodes of the "rhetoric" course most eagerly looked for by his students.

WE fear this story is not new. We find it in "The Optician":—A worthy old Scot and his wife purchased some goods in a shop in P——, the other day. As they were turning to leave, the old gentleman addressed the assistant thus: "Do ye come frae Germany?" "No, na," replied he, "I was born in P——, and all my folks before me." "Weel," replied the old one, as he edged out of the door, "ye may be a good o' yoursel', ma laddie, for as faur as I can see ye're the only hame-made article in the whole shop."

HERR DOWE'S bullet-proof coat and the experiments made with it by the German Military Administration are, says a Berlin correspondent, the subject of an official report in the "Reichsanzieger." The gist of the conclusions arrived at is simply that the coat is absolutely useless for military purposes. The first experiments with it, this account says, were made in April of last year. Firing was not allowed at the whole surface presented, but only at a centre marked by a sheet of white paper. Herr Dowe claimed that the weight of his coat was about 13½lb. The rifle expert Martin and a German non-commissioned officer failed to pierce it at a distance of twenty-five feet, using the German repeating rifle. After this experiment, however, the matter changed. A second trial was to be made in May, before the Rifle Commission at Spandau. For this purpose Martin appeared with two coats, equal in size to the first. One, however, weighed about 10lb., and the other 19lb. Before the experiments began Martin declared that he, and not Dowe, was the inventor of the coat. As regards the difference in weight of the two coats, he said that the one was so heavy because so many bullets were still embedded in it. Again the shots were aimed only at the small surface marked as shot-proof. One coat was pierced through at a distance of twenty-eight feet, and the other at a distance of ninety-seven feet, and both were so damaged that Martin himself stopped further experiments. As the same time, he promised to produce at another time a new coat with a greater power of resistance, which would decide the whole question. About the middle of June a representative of Martin took the new coat to Spandau, but even this coat could not stand the test, for the bullets went through it. Herr Dowe and Mr. Martin were, therefore, officially informed that their alleged bullet-proof coat was useless.

A PARIS correspondent writes:—In the Rue des Martyrs, at Number 88, the unique sight is on view of a tenement house without either a staircase from the door, or other usual conveniences, a litigious neighbour having walled them up three days ago. Two old buildings stand here, over one courtyard, and are served by a single staircase between them. This arrangement worked well as long as the two houses belonged to one landlord. But on his death they were sold to different people. One of the new landlords wanted to have his staircase all to himself, the other objected, and a lawsuit ensued. The victorious landlord, who is a well-known advertising agent, called in the masons on Friday, and in a few hours walled in the exits of the adjoining building. The tenants returning from their day's work were surprised when turning down a dark corridor, instead of meeting the staircase, they stumbled up against a blind wall. Their wives, cloistered in their respective apartments, explained to them the situation from the windows. Food was conveyed by ropes, and, a ladder having been lent, the tenants were able to enter at a window. They are naturally annoyed at their position, and also alarmed, as in the event of fire they would be burnt alive in their prison. One of the lodgers is an invalid in bed, and cannot see the doctor, who would not mount a fifteen feet ladder. Several aged persons have been unable to leave for their work. A complaint was sent to the police commissary, who did not believe the story at first. He has advised the imprisoned tenants to enter an action against the neighbouring landlord.

THE honeymoon is threatened. A correspondent of an London contemporary proposes its abolition, or at least its reduction to a period of two or three days. He himself has just returned from his wedding trip, dispirited with the weather and the expense. "We spent Saturday evening in counting the cost, and find that it is exactly double what we thought it would be, and have both agreed that we should have been far happier in our own little home during the first weeks of our marriage. I wonder if this is the opinion of any other brides and bridegrooms among your readers."

THE BARODA COMMISSION-OF-ENQUIRY.

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.)

BARODA, SEPT. 28.

INSTEAD of abating, the interest in the proceedings of the Bapat Commission, deepens day by day as the case proceeds. It is a pity that there is not a more commodious public hall in Baroda where the sittings could be held. The hall has been lent for the purpose of holding the enquiry on the understanding that the Commission will terminate its sittings before the hours of holding the Corporation meetings. The hall is every day crowded by eager spectators mostly of the *comedwar* class, and although it is well-ventilated the heat is intense. The prosecution is very anxious to expedite the enquiry, and with this view Mr. Mehta opposed the application made by Mr. Apte, on Tuesday, for the postponement of the case on Friday and Saturday. Mr. Mehta remarked that for his part he was anxious to proceed with the case even on Sunday as he had actually done in the trial of the rioters at Junagadh, in which European counsel were present, and who saw no objection to continuing the proceedings on Sunday also. The President remarked that he was afraid that perhaps it would be too much for them to sit on Sunday. At the same time he strongly objected to any unnecessary postponement on the ground that it would add to the heavy burden of expense on the State which they all ought to take into consideration. The conversation then dropped. But the following day Mr. Mehta, who had strongly objected to the adjournment of the case, said that there was a general revolt against the resolution of the court to proceed with the case on holidays. When he opposed Mr. Apte's application, he had no idea that the decision of the court not to close the court on holidays would be received with so much disfavour. As the question involved Mr. Apte's own conveniences also, Mr. Mehta was inclined to support the application for leave considering the circumstances of the court. The Commissioners after consultation decided to close the court on Friday and Saturday.

On Tuesday afternoon, Mr. Apte made an oral application to the court to call upon the prosecution to produce for inspection original or copy of the petitions and statements made by the witnesses before Mr. Maconochie and the documents produced before the Agent to the Governor-General. Mr. Mehta objected to the application on two grounds, the first being that the application was not made in a proper form. But, however, that was a technical objection. If Mr. Apte really wanted to have copies of the statements, the proper party to apply to was the Agent to the Governor-General and Mr. Maconochie. Mr. Apte should summons the official to whom the petitions and statements were made. He added that in the Crawford Commission Mr. Inverarity had to make a proper application submitting the list of documents required for inspection. The court ruled that Mr. Apte should put in a written application.

On Wednesday, the President, before commencing the regular business of the Commission said that he had received a written application from Mr. Khare which ran as follows:—

On behalf of our client, Mr. W. S. Bapat, we have to request that your honours will be pleased to order that he may be given the inspection of the petitions and statements made before Mr. Maconochie and documents produced before the Agent to the Governor-General in the enquiry about the cases now before the Commission, and that our client may be allowed to take copies of such of them as he may think necessary. We would also request that all petitions and statements shown in printed charge sheets be given to our client at his own liberty to put such of them as we take into evidence. As regards the statements and documents in the first paragraph, we submit that we apprehend that the enquiry before Mr. Maconochie was conducted by him in the capacity of a magistrate specially appointed for the purpose; while the papers in the enquiry before the Agent to the Governor-General have, we understand, been forwarded either in original and in duplicate, to the Baroda State and are now in the possession of the officers of the State and that the Agent received these petitions and took these statements as the supervising authority over the working of the Council for the time being. No statements, we would submit, made before a magistrate were kept back in the Crawford Case.

The President said that he had considered the application and had written to Mr. Maconochie and the Agent to the Governor-General calling upon them to say if they had any objection to produce the documents, and that he appointed Monday for the consideration of the question. The President in strong terms deprecated the insertion of contentious matters in such application regarding the character in which statements were made to the officers named. Besides it was improper and objectionable to imply that documents were kept back.

Mr. Khare replied that he knew nothing personally in the matter. He had written nothing beyond his instructions.

The President replied that such instructions were on the face of them very improper. They should not presume anything in the absence of proofs or reasons. The objectionable portion must be struck off as there was not the slightest foundation to make such insinuations regarding the character in which statements were made.

Mr. Khare agreed to strike off the objectionable portions.

On Thursday when the court sat, the President said that he had received an application from Mr. Khare on Thursday evening after they had left the court, giving a list of four witnesses, which the defence intended to call. One of the witnesses, Mr. Elliott, was in England on leave. The President desired to know the way in which Mr. Apte proposed to take the evidence of Mr. Elliott.

Mr. Apte: Our object is to secure his attendance in any way the Commission might think fit.

The President: I will like to know some suggestion from you as to how you propose to call him.

Mr. Khare: A letter might be sent to Mr. Elliott.

The President did not think it proper to send a letter to Mr. Elliott on the ground that Mr. Elliott might object. I come if the proper courses was not followed to secure his attendance. He did not think that the letter would have any effect, nor would it be formal to forward such a letter.

Mr. Khare: I do not know what is the practice in Baroda.

The President: Well, if you don't know the practice of Baroda will you please tell me what practice exists in Bombay?

Mr. Apte: We should send a registered letter. I don't know what else can be done?

The President: What is the course you propose to adopt?

Mr. Apte: I don't know what is the particular mode in which it is to be done. It will all depend upon the procedure.

The President: But then you being an experienced man you must know what the procedure is.

Mr. Apte: I think a letter should be forwarded through the authority.

The President: What means authority? Do you mean to say that it should go through the Dewan Saheb?

Mr. Bhaishunker remarked that it was the first time he had heard that a registered letter should be forwarded to a witness to secure his attendance. In a criminal case in an English court the defence must first of all prove that the evidence of the witness was relevant. Then in the second place he had never heard an instance in which a court issued sub-poena to a witness outside British India. The evidence in such cases is always taken on commission. Even the High Court could not issue sub-poena in such cases, even if the court is satisfied that the evidence is necessary.

Mr. Apte replied that he had never asked that a sub-poena should be issued.

Mr. Bhaishunker submitted that it was not proper to send a registered letter. If Mr. Elliott took no notice of the letter then they would lose two months for nothing.

Mr. Apte replied that so far as he was instructed the letter would have the desired effect if it was sent through the authority. If his leave expired he would have to return.

The President: We can't compel him to come. Do you take the risk if he does not come even if a letter is sent to him?

Mr. Apte: To a certain extent I must take the risk.

At this stage Mr. Mehta having arrived the President enquired of him if he knew any procedure in such matters.

Mr. Mehta: None whatever. To send a letter in such cases is out of question. Will Mr. Apte tell me any instance in which a letter is sent to a witness on leave in England? Is such a sort of practice consistent with law? I have known of cases in which commission is issued to take evidence in England, but even that is not easily done. It requires a very strong affidavit stating strong reasons for the appointment of a commission. Unless it is shown that the evidence is absolutely required, and that it is of importance no commission can be appointed to take evidence in England.

The President: Mr. Elliott was the head of the department, and his evidence would be of very great importance.

Mr. Mehta: Not necessarily. His evidence might not be relevant for ought we know.

Mr. Apte: He is not a servant of the State yet?

The President: He is a British servant, and his services are lent to the Baroda State; he has not yet left the office so far as I know.

Mr. Mehta: It would be an irregular course to send a registered letter. I have never known of a case in which a letter is sent in such a manner. The commission must act in a somewhat formal manner.

The President: Will Mr. Elliott be offended if a letter were sent to him?

Mr. Mehta: If the mode adopted to call him was right I would not have cared whether Mr. Elliott was offended or not. The court has no jurisdiction to call him. If the defence are anxious to call Mr. Elliott they must write him a private letter requesting him to come down. It would be informal if the commission wrote such a letter to Mr. Elliott. If a certain witness is not within the jurisdiction of a court, then it is necessary for the party to file an affidavit showing the relevancy and materiality of that witness' evidence. If the court is satisfied that the evidence is relevant and material, then it may issue a commission. Of course, in this case there is no affidavit pointing out definitely the materiality of the evidence.

Mr. Apte: I do not object if a commission is issued; but I don't see why the course I have suggested should not be followed even if a commission is issued. I am prepared to take the risk if Mr. Elliott does not come.

The President: You have no right to enforce his attendance before the commission.

Mr. Mehta said that in the Bhownagger and Kolhapur libel cases and the Hyderabad jewellery theft case commissions were issued to take evidence of witnesses outside the court's jurisdiction.

The President: Mr. Elliott is now outside British India. What is the procedure in regard to sending a commission outside British India?

Mr. Mehta cited an instance in which a commission was issued to take evidence of a witness in Mauritius, accused in that case having committed theft at Mauritius. The case would be found reported in the Bombay law reports. The present inquiry was a formal and public one, and the order appointing the commission laid down that everything should be done in a formal way.

The President reserved decision on the point until after lunch, when he intimated that the Commission had decided to send a registered letter to Mr. Elliott through H. E. the Dewan Saheb. It was also decided to inform Mr. Elliott in the letter that the commission left him the choice of declining to come, as it was informal and irregular to call him as a witness in this way.

The President next stated that the second witness proposed to be called by the defence was Tatia Vithal, and he wished to know how Mr. Apte proposed to serve him with a summons.

Mr. Apte: I leave that to the court.

Mr. Kothare: You will have to give us his address.

Mr. Apte: He was last seen in the Baroda State.

Mr. Mehta: His last address which comes out in the evidence is Mr. Bapat's house.

Mr. Apte: One of the witnesses has said that his last place of residence was at Narayen Pandurang's.

The President: But how do you propose to find out his present address?

Mr. Apte said that it should be traced by the police and a summons, a warrant or a proclamation might be issued to secure his attendance in the court.

The President declined to do anything in the matter unless Mr. Apte gave them Tatia's address.

Several witnesses were examined by Mr. Mehta on Thursday, and their evidence will appear in our next issue.

The commission re-assembles on Monday.

THE SUBORDINATE MILITARY MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—I have read a good deal lately in extracts from the Native Press about the grievances of Civil Medical Subordinates, but there is a grievance and hardship of the military apothecaries which requires ventilation. This is, that apothecaries in charge of civil stations are kept for years and years in good and favored places to the detriment of the general body of apothecaries. These civil stations confer certain advantages in pay, social status, and private practice, which cannot be ignored, to say nothing of the lasting gain which may accrue down to the third and fourth generation, should an apothecary by commissioner's wife, a Collector's baby, or be the means of getting an Assistant Collector sent home on sick leave. As such civil charges can now be counted on one's fingers, the keeping of men too long in one charge works detrimentally both ways—i.e., both to the apothecaries waiting for their turn, and to Government, and I am surprised it has not yet attracted the attention of the authorities. For instance, the rules allow these apothecaries Rs. 350 a month for the first five years of their charge, rising to Rs. 450 in the second quinquennial period; Rs. 550, in third; and Rs. 700 after that, so a simple calculation in multiplication will show what the gain to the Government will be, if these apothecaries are stirred every five years, as the new comers will start from the bottom again. By limiting the period of holding such civil charges, both sides will be benefited, promotion will be secured, and a great deal of dissatisfaction and heart-burnings removed. These changes ought to be tenable for five years only, in order to give all a fair chance of these snug and fat places. There is also another aspect of the case, which although personal to myself, and is perhaps a small matter, is not unimportant. For promotion to the rank of surgeon-major one has to appear before a board of gymkhanas, and if he is not bumptious and forward, and if his female belongings manage to escape the *wheng-erichat* of the ladies *coterie*, things will go easy and pleasant for him, far more so, perhaps, than if he were the boss and oracle of the Sergeants' Mess in a regiment. It is said that to give one opportunities of flattering one's self-esteem is to encourage roguishness and longevity. There is something in this, and if for nothing else, I advocate these periodical transfers and shifts both for the men themselves and for the Government.

SCALPEL.

RAILWAY PASSENGERS' GRIEVANCES.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—On 30th July last, a Parsee gentleman was administered chloroform and an attempt made to rob him by another passenger travelling in a second class carriage of the G. I. P. Railway between Thana and Poona. A similar incident was reported shortly afterwards of a third class passenger being assaulted by some Mahomedans. It is unfortunate that such incidents should occur in railway trains, but the want of proper means of communication between the passengers in the carriages and the guard in charge of the train may account for all this mischief. If so, then it is time that the Railway Act is amended in that direction. It has been the sad policy of the Legislature in India to pass many matters to the discretion of the Executive authorities, although such matters should alone be done by them. This tendency of the Legislature is to a great extent responsible for such mischief. The Indian Railway Act of 1890 contains no special provision making it compulsory upon the railway authorities to provide means of communication between passengers and guards, but a general power is vested in the railway administration to make rules, regulating the travelling of passengers upon railways and providing for the accommodation and convenience of passengers. Under this provision the railway companies frame rules and regulations, which are binding upon the public when sanctioned by the Governor-General. Sometimes these rules are found inconsistent with the Act, and then declared as *ultra vires* by the courts. The latest instance in this subject is then, not in satisfactory condition, and it is for the interest of the public that it should be amended now in order to remove any anomalies that exist in it. The public are aware of a question recently put in the Bombay Legislative Council by the Hon'ble Mr. Chimanlal Setalvad as to whether Government had considered the advisibility of requiring the railway administration in this Presidency to provide and maintain in proper order, in trains carrying passengers officials or means of communication between passengers and railway servants in charge of such trains, or moving the Governor-General in Council to exercise the powers under Section 62 of the Railway Act of 1890, and of the reply given by the Hon'ble Mr. Trevor that this Government had no power under that section, and also of a promise given to consider the advisibility of addressing the Government of India on the subject, maintaining at the same time that the question is a complicated one, and the Government of India have only recently intimated that they are not prepared to move in the matter at present.

The public were not satisfied with the reply, having regard to the plain wording of Section 62 of the Railway Act of 1890. The Government of Bombay have no power under the Act is admitted by all, but this is not a satisfactory feature of the existing legislation. The Bombay Government can however move the Government of India, having regard to the recent incidents. If the Government of India cannot intervene under Section 62 of the Act, the Government of Bombay, I think, if I am right, can compel the railway administrations under their control, under Section 47 (1) to make rules for regulating the travelling upon railways, although it is necessary that they should be sanctioned by the Governor-General before they get their binding force. There is a statutory duty laid upon railway companies to make rules consistent with the Railway Act to provide for the convenience of passengers and regulating the travelling upon railways, which duty the Government of Bombay can ask the railway companies under their control to perform for the safety of the millions entrusted to their care, and of the lives and liberties of whom they are guardians. The whole law upon the subject of railway administration, being in an unsatisfactory condition, I might suggest two sections, which are adaptations of certain provisions of English Railway Company Statutes:—

1. No carriage which carries passengers shall pass along the railway unless such carriage has efficient means of communication between passengers and the railway servants in charge of the trains.

2. If any carriage, which carries passengers, shall pass along the railway, which has no efficient means of communication between passengers and the railway servants in charge of the train the Company shall forfeit ——— for every such offence.—Yours, &c.,

D. W. PILGAMKER.

Girgaum, Sept. 27.

TELEGRAPHIC LINE REPORT.

SEPTEMBER 28.

GREAT BRITAIN.—Via Teheran, perfect. Via Turkey, perfect. Via Suez, perfect.

CONTINENT OF EUROPE.—Via Teheran, perfect. Via Turkey, perfect. Via Suez, perfect.

AMERICA.—Via Brest, perfect. Via Valentia, perfect. Via Direct Cable, perfect.

AUSTRALIA.—Via Penang, perfect. Via Amoor, perfect.

CHINA.—Via Penang, perfect. Via Amoor, perfect.

AFRICA.—Via Aden, perfect. Via Cadiz-Teneriffe, perfect. Via Lisbon St. Vincent perfect.

Route Saigon-Bangkok interrupted.

Cable Zanzibar-Mombasa interrupted.

Cable Hongkong-Macao interrupted.

Madagascar and Reunion mail closes at Zanzibar at noon on Monday the 1st October.

With effect from to-day Friday the 28th September and until further orders the Tariff Charges per word in message to Foreign Countries will be the same as those in force before the 1st September, as given in the guide for July 1894.

FOREIGN TELEGRAPHIC SERVICE.

LATEST dates of foreign messages received at Bombay, from the United Kingdom, during the 24 hours ending at 8 p.m., of the 28th September, 1894.

(Difference in Longitude allowed for.)

Via.	Latest Dates. D.	H.	M.	Time occupied in transmission. Hours.	Minutes.
Turkey	26	1	0 p.m.	28	51
Teheran	28	2	45 p.m.	0	17
Suez	28	3	5 p.m.	0	4

Time occupied in the transmission of messages to Bombay during the 24 hours ending 8 p.m., of the 28th September, 1894.

	Maximum Time. H.	M.	Minimum Time. H.	M.
From Calcutta	0	32	0	3
" Karachi	0	10	0	1
" Madras	0	18	0	1

THE REMISSION OF ONE AND A HALF LAKH OF RUPEES.—IV.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—The Honourable Mr. Trevor, in the end of his answer on the remission of one and a half lakhs of rupees to the Khandesh farmer, further stated that "the result was by the end of the contract in spite of an interim reduction in the amount of the guarantee, the farmer had had to make good upwards of 4 lakhs of deficiency duty and the remission referred to was granted, as a matter of common justice, under the circumstances to save him from suffering serious loss by his compliance."

In point of its inaccuracy this sentence is of a piece with all the rest in the Hon'ble Mr. Trevor's answer. By what calculation does the Hon'ble Mr. Trevor arrive at his "upwards of four lakhs of deficiency duty?" The controversy raised by me in public, and by the Hon'ble Messrs. Javerilal and Setalvad in the Legislative Council, about this remission is based on a Government Resolution published in the Abkari Report of 1892-93, para. 23, which I will quote again for reminding your readers.

"Deduct remission granted to the country spirit farmer of the district of Khandesh under the authority of Government Resolution No. 7344, dated 15th September, 1892, in consideration of deficiency payments amounting to Rs. 2,48,080 made by him during the years of 1889-90 to 1891-92=Rs. 1,50,000."

The Hon'ble Mr. Trevor says that the contractor paid "upwards of four lakhs of deficiency duty," while the Government Resolution puts the figure at Rs. 2,48,080. Who is to be believed, the Hon'ble Mr. Trevor or the Government Resolution? Both can't be right. The Resolution refers to the deficiency duty of three years from 1889-90 to 1891-92. I may add for justice's sake that Rs. 61,847, being the deficiency for seven months in 1888-89. This brings the total from the beginning to the end of the contract to Rs. 3, 09,927. What authority then is there for "upwards of four lakhs of deficiency duty?" I leave your readers to judge. The Hon'ble Mr. Trevor further says "the remission referred to was granted as a matter of common justice and under the circumstances to save him from suffering serious loss by his compliance." Common justice! The Hon'ble Mr. Trevor must pardon me if, in common with the whole public, I fail to see any justice in the remission. The Abkari Department has strange notions of justice which are at variance with those of all gentlemen unconnected with it. This remission is just a type of Abkari justice. But apart from that the Hon'ble Mr. Trevor seems to confound the distinction between "payment of deficiency" and "suffering a heavy loss." It is nonsense to say that in this case they are *identical*. Payment of deficiency is quite compatible with an enormous gain in the transaction. As I showed in my letter of the 13th instant the contractor made a net profit of a little over 10 lakhs of rupees by the sale of 1,566,145 gallons of mowra spirit after deducting various sums paid as deficiency duty. I will now show his net profits during the three years and seven months in which, according to the Hon'ble Mr. Trevor, he would have suffered "a serious loss" had it not been for the remission, and which are the subject of the present controversy.

		Gallons.	Deficiency Duty. Rs.
Seven months of	1888-89 about	137,915	61,847
"	1889-90 actual	280,055	142,997
"	1890-91 "	398,319	64,519
"	1891-92 "	293,808	40,574
		1,010,097	Rs. 3,09,927

As shown in my letter of the 13th the net gain to the contractor on each gallon sold cannot fall below 12 As. This brings the net gain on 1,010,097 gallons to Rs. 7,57,572. Deducting from this Rs. 3,09,927, being the deficiency duty, we have a net profit in these three years and seven months of Rs. 4,47,645. And yet the Hon. Mr. Trevor states that the remission was granted as a matter of common justice to save him from "serious loss!" But it seems that a gain of Rs. 4,47,645 is considered such "a serious loss" to a favourite of this immaculate Abkari Department, that as "a matter of common justice" he is granted a remission of Rs. 1,50,000.

Lately, I have been told by experts that the estimate I made in my letter of the 13th ultimo of eight annas as the cost of distilling and four annas per gallon as shop expenses are too high. Therefore, if we deduct but two annas from the cost it would raise the profit by nearly 2 lakhs of rupees on 1,566,145 gallons sold by the contractor.

The revenue from toddy trees in Khandesh district is stated in the Abkari Report for 1887-88 to be Rs. 2,300 for the tax and Rs. 195 for license fees. This, of course, is due to the scarcity of toddy trees in the district. But since the grant of the farm to Mr. Dubash there has not been a pie credited to this head. Whether the trees have conspired to give no juice or the tappers not to extract it in order "to save him from suffering a serious loss" is "very much in the dark." Or is it that the Abkari Department in its zeal to promote temperance has stopped the poisonous alcoholic toddy, in order to substitute the healthy mowra liquor, prevented to tap them being dirty smell entered into the brains of Abkari Department since the commencement of the Act. It is "very much in the dark." My difficulty on this point has been anticipated by Government, who with a very praiseworthy zeal write as follows in their Resolution on the Abkari Reports of 1888-89, dated 20th May, 1890, para. 9:—"It is not for us here on the principals the deficiency made up on account of still-head duty has been reckoned at Rs. 61,847 in para. 148, seeing that the minimum guarantee was fixed originally at Rs. 7,92,628 and subsequently at Rs. 6,31,756. *The Commissioner should be asked to explain this, and also to state why no revenue from toddy was realised in this district in the year under review.*"

No explanation on these points has hitherto been given in any of the subsequent reports. Will not Government give practical effect to their Resolution by ordering to grant licenses for tapping toddy-trees when the tapping season commences next month?—Yours, &c.,

Sept. 28. P. B. DANTRA.

COORLA SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANY.

THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—A few weeks ago, I read in your esteemed journal a correspondence, in which it was stated that the above company had earned over Rs. 75,000. After paying all expenses and agency commission, during the half-year ended 30th June last, and urging on the directors to declare an *interim* dividend, as all other companies do for poor shareholders, dependent on the returns of their investments, are much inconvenienced by payment of dividends once a year instead of half-yearly as was frequently done by the late agents when profits permitted, as is now the case. I cannot therefore understand why the half-yearly dividend has not been announced as yet, and the only explanation I have been able to get is that Mr. Jehanghier Readymoney, the agent, is in Poona, and that the question of declaration of an *interim* dividend will be considered upon his return. This seems to me to be trying to the patience of the poorer class of shareholders, holding from one to five shares each, and to whom delay is prejudicial, for the matter could easily be disposed of by a circular sent round to the directors, including our philanthropic and liberal-minded agent, Mr. Readymoney, now at Poona, or by the other directors assembling at a meeting. I trust this matter will be seriously considered and decided upon by next week, or it will be the unpleasant duty of the shareholders, headed by myself, to call on the directors to convene an extraordinary general meeting, and to explain their motives for non-declaring the half-yearly dividend on the face of such large profits as stated here.—Yours, &c.,

A SHAREHOLDER.

Fort, Sept. 27.

FROM Helsingfors it is reported that the Jewish girl whose sudden disappearance from her parents' house in the Finnish capital, some time ago, created a lively sensation, is now in London, in the position of a "lieutenant" of the Salvation Army. She will, it is added, return shortly to Helsingfors as an officer of the Finnish section of the Salvationists.

SOME amusing particulars are given by a contributor to the "Drapers' Record" about American tariffs, apropos to the difficulties caused by inaccurate punctuation in the Wilson Tariff Bill. One of the puzzles of this branch of legislation has been the grouping of various articles under distinct headings. A couple of years ago under the McKinley Tariff a "job lot of angels" came under the ruling, these being provided for children's Christmas trees. Not long since an entomologist having had some butterflies sent out, they were actually classed as poultry because they had wings, though it was ultimately decided that, entomology, being a scientific pursuit, its disciples should not be hampered by the payment of duty fees. Under the tariff law now superseded cottonettes were charged as woollens, for no better reason than that the percentage of coloured worsted in them was worth more than the remaining two-thirds of cotton. Some silk in a quantity of fichus happening to be less in value than the merino of which they were chiefly made up, the importer had a fortunate escape from a charge of fifty per cent., which he would have incurred had the same ruling classed these as silk goods. For some extraordinary reason Yak laces were not regarded as dress trimmings, and mourning hat bands were not included under the heading of hat trimmings. It may be imagined that much vexation and interruption to business occurred through these contradictory rulings.

PROFESSOR ERNEST CURTIUS, the famous archæologist and historian, celebrated, on the 2nd instant, his eightieth birthday. The Empress Frederick, a Berlin correspondent says, sent to the intimate friend of her deceased husband a congratulatory message, and the Emperor conferred upon him the First Class of the Red Eagle Order, which was accompanied by the following autograph letter, dated September 2—Sedan Day:—"To-day's national holiday has a special significance for me and my house, the mausoleum in Charlottenburg, embellished by the splendid sarcophagi of their Majesties, my with-God-resting grand-parents, having been solemnly re-opened to-day as the abode of peace and devotion. On this day on which the remembrance of the important times and the glorious personages now lying behind us makes my heart beat higher, it gives me great pleasure to remember a man who has been at all times loyal to my house and was, above all, a well-tried adviser and the fatherly friend of my blessed father. You, my dear Privy Councillor, complete your eightieth birthday to-day, through God's grace and can look back on your life, rich in labour and toil, but also rich in the success with which your labour has been blessed. Whilst wishing from the bottom of my heart that a long and happy evening of life be granted to you, I cannot resist sending you, as a renewed token of my acknowledgment and gratitude, the enclosed decoration of the Royal Red Eagle Order of the First Class."

MAN-EATING PANTHERS.

MR. J. D. INVERARITY has a paper on this subject in the "Journal" of the Bombay Natural History Society. He writes:—In the hot weather of 1894, I was shooting in the northern part of the Hyderabad country, and spent a great deal of my time in trying to secure a man-eating panther that I was informed had already killed 21 people. From what afterwards occurred I believe there must have been two panthers addicted to man-eating, but at first I thought there was only one. I arrived at a village called Tutra on April 25th. Here several persons had been killed, and I was told that the panther was in the habit of sneaking into the villages at night and seizing some one asleep by the throat. There were several villages he had killed in, occupying, roughly speaking, a diameter of seven miles. I had not long to wait for a kill, as on the morning of April 27th news was brought of a man killed in the village of Karwa, two miles off, the previous night. I rode there at once, and found the corpse of a fine big man, with the holes made by the panther's teeth in his throat and claw-marks on the chest and legs. This village consisted of about a dozen huts. The man had been lying asleep on a cot, his wife on another cot by his side, in the small open space in front of his hut enclosed by a thorn fence. The hut was the centre one of the village. I found the tracks of the panther; he had crossed the fields, gone up the village pathway, entered by the gate which had not been properly closed, and sprung on the man as he lay asleep. He had been frightened off by the shouts of the villagers. He bolted back up the path he had come and made across the fields to the jungles where I lost his track. The general character of the jungle, in the neighbourhood of the villages frequented by the panther, was flat, intersected at long distances by shallow nullahs. A great portion of the jungle was bare, other portions had grass about waist-high—a most unpromising place to find a panther in, as he might be in any of the grass patches over an area of miles. On this occasion I tried a couple of beats in the nullahs near the village without success. Subsequently I used to walk the grass patches, but it was like looking for a needle in a bundle of hay. The panther tracks were not found by me in the nullahs. I believe it must have usually lain up in the flat jungle somewhere in the grass.

That night, i.e., of the 27th April, he was wandering close to my tents most of the night, and was seen by several of my people. On the night of the 28th April he killed a man at a village called Chandur about two miles from my camp. I did not see this body. He was frightened off the man and visited my camp

LATER IN THE NIGHT

and came close up to the tents, but before I could get round to the spot he had moved off and I did not see him. Shortly afterwards I heard shouting in the village and learnt he had caught a dog and carried it off. I then moved camp to Chandur. The next I heard of the brute was that, on the night of the 30th April, he had killed a boy aged 7 years (the son of the Bania who was supplying my camp) at the village of Nanda about four miles off. The boy was sleeping on the same cot as a man, in the open space in front of a hut, which was the outside one of the village. The head of the cot was against the cattle fence at the back of the hut, the furthest from the road. The panther came on to the cots, passed the man and seized the boy and went clear off with him. The body was not found and must have been entirely eaten. Nothing was heard of the panther till the night of May 4th, when he appeared close to my tent at Chandur. I had a lamp put out in the field, twenty yards off, and sat on a camp-stool hoping he would come between me and the light, for, as there was no moon, I could not see. He, however, went to the village and killed a calf. On the night of May 6th he killed a woman at the village of Nirnal seven miles away. I moved camp on the 7th to Nanda, where he was expected to turn up soon, and he did not disappoint expectations, as, at 11 p.m. on the night of May 9th, I heard an uproar at a house in the village 80 yards from my tent. As I always had my rifle and lamp ready, I was at the spot in a couple of minutes and saw the track left by a body being dragged down the village road. Followed by a number of villagers all shouting at the top of their voices I ran along the trail, and in 50 yards came to a large patch of blood where the panther had evidently dropped the body; he had taken it on again for a few yards more the road cleared the houses and took a sharp turn to the left into a field, and, soon after turning the corner, we ran on to the body. The panther could

ONLY JUST HAVE LEFT,

as there was no blood when I first arrived and in a few minutes a large pool formed. I at first thought it was a grey-haired woman, but it turned out to be a girl about 16 years; the hair being full of dust looked gray by the lamp-light. She was dead; the body lay on the back, the legs straight out, the head resting on the right cheek, the right arm, adorned with two brass bangles, was bent as if it had been thrown up towards the neck, the left arm lay along the side. There was a cut, an inch long, on the chin, and the fat

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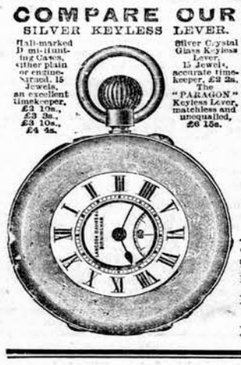

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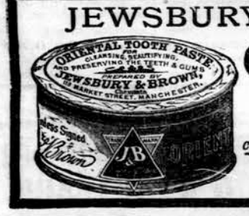

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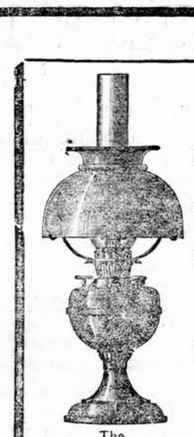

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Prevents Boiler Leakage.

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Placed in a Kettle, it is most interesting and instructive to watch the development of the 'Octopus' week by week until at the end of, say two months, it resembles a block of coral, and becomes an unimpeachable witness of its usefulness.

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Kettle Size ... 2/6
Small Boiler Size ... 5/-
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BY SPECIAL APPOINTMENT
To HER MAJESTY
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